1		TITLE 14 SKACIT COUNTY CODE
2		SKAGIT COUNTY CODE
3		
4		<b>CHAPTER 14.28</b>
5		
6		CONCURRENCY
7		
8	Sections:	
9	14.28.010	Purpose.
10	14.28.020	Development Exempt from Project Concurrency Review.
11	14.28.030	Concurrency Facilities and Services.
12	14.28.040	Project Concurrency Review.
13	14.28.050	Phased Development.
14	14.28.060	Transportation Concurrency.
15	14.28.070	Non-Transportation Concurrency.
16	14.28.080	Certificate of Capacity.
17	14.28.090	Facility Capacity Fees.
18	14.28.100	Development within Municipal UGAs.
19	14.28.105	Development in Bayview Ridge UGA
20	14.28.110	Annual Concurrency Assessment.
21		
22		

23

#### Section 1: Skagit County Code Section 14.28 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 14.28.010 Purpose.
- 4 (1)Pursuant to the State Growth Management Act, RCW 36.70A, after the adoption of its 5 Comprehensive Plan, Skagit County is required by RCW 36.70A.070(6)(e) to ensure that 6 transportation improvements or Transportation Systems Management strategies to 7 accommodate the impacts of development are in place at the time a project is first 8 occupied, or that a financial commitment is in place to complete the improvements or Transportation Systems Management strategies within 6 years. The County is also bound 9 10 by the planning goals of RCW 36.70A.020 to ensure that public facilities and services 11 necessary to support development are adequate to serve the development at project 12 occupancy.
- Concurrency for certain urban and rural public facilities and services is assured by the 13 (2)14 implementation of the Capital Facilities Plan, the County's monitoring and annual review 15 of that plan and the County's response in the absence of concurrency. Certain public facilities and services also need to be analyzed before the County can issue a project 16 17 permit for a specific development. This Chapter addresses both the annual concurrency 18 review process and the system whereby individual development projects are examined 19 for concurrency and development permits are issued only after it is demonstrated that the 20 levels of service will not be degraded below the adopted level of service standards for 21 these facilities and services.
- 22

29

30

40

41

42

1 2 3

#### 23 14.28.020 **Development Exempt from Project Concurrency Review.**

- 24 All development shall undergo Project Concurrency Review unless specifically exempt as 25 follows:
- 26 Exempt Development Permits. The following development permits are exempt from (1)27 Project Currency Review: 28
  - (a) Boundary Line Adjustment.
  - Final Subdivision (if a concurrency test was conducted for the corresponding (b) Preliminary Subdivision).
- 31 Rezone (but not including a contract rezone which establishes a specific timeline (c) 32 for constructing the specific use and a deadline for such construction after which 33 the contract rezone expires).
- 34 Shoreline Substantial Development Variance. (d)
- 35 (e) Street Vacation.
- 36 (f) Temporary Use Permit.
- 37 Variance. (g)
- 38 Exempt Types or Levels of Development. Permits for the following types or levels of (2)39 development are exempt from Project Concurrency Review:
  - Single-family home. (a)
    - (b) Duplex.
    - Accessory Dwelling Unit. (c)
- 43 (d) Any addition to, renovation or replacement of a structure with no change in use 44 and no more than one additional dwelling unit added, such as re-roofing.

- 1 Any accessory structure with no change in use and no more than one additional (e) 2 dwelling unit added. 3 Interior completion of a structure for a use with the same or less intensity as the (f) 4 existing use or a previously approved use. 5 Temporary construction trailers. (g) 6 Driveway, resurfacing or parking lot paving. (h) 7 Demolition. (i) 8 Any other permit or approval that the Administrative Official determines has no (i) 9 impact on a concurrency facility or service. 10 Exemption from obtaining Concurrency Determination for Roads. Any development (3) 11 generating a total of 4 or less peak-hour trips from the total project shall be exempt from 12 obtaining a Concurrency Determination for Roads, but shall not be exempt from obtaining a Concurrency Determination for Non-Transportation Facilities and Services 13 14 and shall also not be exempt from providing appropriate transportation improvements or mitigation for traffic impacts in the immediate vicinity of the project as may be required 15 by SCC 14.16, SCC 14.18, or SCC 14.36. 16 Exemption for projects in Municipal Urban Growth Areas. Any proposed project within 17 (4)
- a Municipal Urban Growth Area shall conform to the concurrency requirements set forth
   in the applicable city ordinance and shall not be subject to Concurrency Review under
   this Chapter.
- (5) Tracking Exempt Development. Concurrency facility and service providers shall
   establish a tracking system to account for exempt development in the same manner as
   Certificates of Capacity are used to maintain an accounting of traffic impacts on County
   Roads and capacity for non-transportation concurrency facilities and services that has
   been reserved.

# 2627 14.28.030 Concurrency Facilities and Services.

- The following Concurrency Facilities and Services, if used by the proposed development, must
   be evaluated during Project Concurrency Review:
- 30 (1) In Rural Areas County Roads, Public Water Systems, Police, Fire.
- 31 (2) In Big Lake Rural Village Sanitary Sewer.
- In Bayview Ridge and Swinomish UGA County Roads, Public Water Systems, Sanitary
   Sewer, Police and Fire.
- 34 (4) In Municipal Urban Growth Areas city ordinances. *See* SCC 14.02.
- 35 36

# 14.28.040 Project Concurrency Review.

- Timing. All Applicants for development permits, except those exempt, shall apply for
   Project Concurrency Review at the time applications for development project permits are
   submitted. Inquiries about availability of capacity on concurrency facilities and services
   may be made prior to development permit applications, but responses to such inquires are
   advisory only and available capacity can only be reserved through a certificate of
   capacity as set forth in this Chapter.
- 43 (2) Procedures.
- 44 (a) Applications for Project Concurrency Review shall be submitted on forms
   45 provided by the Planning and Permit Center.

1 2 3 4 5 6	(b)	Project Concurrency Review shall be performed for the specific property, uses, densities and intensities based on the information provided by the Applicant. The Applicant shall specify densities and intensities that are consistent with the uses allowed or to be vested for the property. If the Project Concurrency Review is being requested in conjunction with a contract rezone, the Applicant shall specify the densities and intensities consistent with the proposed contract zoning for the
7		property.
8	(c)	Upon receipt of a complete application for a development permit, there shall be a
9		tentative reservation of traffic impacts on County roads and a tentative reservation
10 11		of capacity for Non-Transportation Concurrency Facilities and Services that will
11		serve that development in order to account for the potential future traffic impacts and future use of capacity by that development. That tentative reservation shall
12		convert to a final reservation of traffic impacts/capacity upon issuance of a
14		Certificate of Capacity or shall become void in the event that project permits for
15		the development are not issued.
16	(d)	The Planning and Permit Center shall notify the Concurrency Facility and
17		Services Providers of all applications received requiring Project Concurrency
18		Review and request a Concurrency Determination.
19	(e)	The Concurrency Facility and Services Providers shall notify the Applicant and
20		the Planning and Permit Center of the results of the Concurrency Determination
21 22		within 30 days. If additional information is needed to determine concurrency,
22		such additional information may be requested by the concurrency facility and service provider, but such request shall not make the original application to be
23 24		deemed incomplete.
25	(f)	The decision maker for the project permit(s) shall make a Final Concurrency
26	(1)	Decision as part of the development permit decision(s) based on the Concurrency
27		Determination and all relevant evidence presented in the public record on the
28		project permit. The development permit may be conditioned as necessary to
29		ensure that an improvement relied upon to demonstrate concurrency will be
30		completed or a Transportation Systems Management strategy will be
31		implemented in the required time frame. The Final Concurrency Decision shall
32		be a part of the permit decision which is appealable pursuant to SCC 14.06.
33 34	(g)	If the decision maker concludes that there is no concurrency and the project
34 35		permit cannot be conditioned to accomplish concurrency, the project permits shall be denied.
35 36	(h)	If the decision maker concludes that there is concurrency and issues project
37	(11)	permits, the Planning and Permit Center shall issue a Certificate of Capacity to the
38		Applicant with a copy sent to each Concurrency Facility and Service Provider.
39		The Certificate of Capacity shall be used to maintain an accounting of traffic
40		impacts on County Roads and capacity for Non-Transportation Concurrency
41		Facilities and Services that has been reserved.
42	(i)	If the development permit for a project is withdrawn, expires or is otherwise
43		cancelled, the Certificate of Capacity for that development shall automatically be
44 45		voided. The Planning and Permit Center shall send notice of all voided
45		Certificates of Capacity to each Concurrency Facility and Service Provider.

- (3) Administrative Rules. The Administrative Official may, by administrative order,
   establish administrative rules to manage Project Concurrency Review.
- 3 (4) Relation to Other Requirements. Compliance with or exemption from the requirements
  4 of this Chapter shall not exempt a development project from compliance with all other
  5 requirements of the Uniform Development Code including, but not limited to,
  6 compliance with SCC 14.12 (SEPA), SCC 14.30 (Impact Fees), SCC 14.36 (Public
  7 Works Standards), and SCC 14.32 (Drainage).
- 8

## 9 14.28.050 Phased Development.

10 When a development is proposed in phases or construction is expected to extend over some

11 period of time, the Applicant may offer a schedule of occupancy that limits the occupancy during

12 any given period of time. When there is such an offer, the schedule of occupancy shall be used

13 in identifying the improvements or Transportation Systems Management strategies that will be 14 required to be implemented with each phase or time period of the development to comply with

15 Project Concurrency Review. All permits based upon a schedule of occupancy shall be

16 conditioned so that the improvements or Transportation Systems Management strategies

17 identified as being necessary to comply with Project Concurrency Review are completed prior to

18 each identified development phase (e.g. final plat approval, phased building permit). When an

Applicant is relying on Funded Projects to demonstrate Transportation Concurrency, the Funded

20 Projects necessary for concurrency with the level of service standards must be identified at the

- 21 time of the Final Concurrency Decision.
- 22

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

43

44 45

# 23 14.28.060 Transportation Concurrency.

There are 2 parts to a project concurrency determination for roads. First, there must be concurrency with the County road system level of service standards. Second, there must be concurrency with the County road segment and road intersection level of service standards.

- 27 (1) Part One County Road System Concurrency:
- 28 (a) The Birdsall Method shall be used to assess County Road System Concurrency.
- 29(b)The Annual Concurrency Report for County Roads ("Annual Report") will30provide the basic information for this assessment. See SCC 14.28.110.
- (c) Traffic information used for the Annual Report shall be updated as necessary to
   account for traffic levels from the following development projects if these
   projects were not considered in the last Annual Report:
  - (i) traffic from newly constructed development projects;
  - (ii) projects for which traffic impacts have been tentatively reserved; and

(iii) projects for which a Final Concurrency Decision has been made.

- The traffic information used for the Annual Report shall also be updated and reserved traffic impacts removed as necessary as a result of any discontinued Certificates of Concurrency and any Funded Projects after the last Annual Report.
   (d) There is concurrency with the County Road System level of service standards
- using the Birdsall Method if taking into account Funded Projects:
- 41 42
- (i) The County Road System is in concurrence; or
- (ii) The County Road System is not in concurrence but the development will not add more than 4 peak-hour trips to any County road segment that the Birdsall Method has identified as having an unmet improvement need; or

1		(iii) The County Road System is not in concurrence but the Applicant agrees to
2		provide transportation improvements or Transportation Systems
3		Management strategies and/or other binding financial commitments to
4		increase the planned capacity on the County road system within 6 years
5		resulting in a new determination that the County Road System is in
6		concurrence.
7	(2)	Part Two - Individual Road Segment and Intersection Concurrency:
8		(a) Highway Capacity Manual type methods selected by the County Engineer shall be
9		used to assess Individual Road Segment and Intersection Concurrency.
10		(b) The annual Concurrency Report for County Roads ( <i>see</i> SCC 14.28.110) will
11		provide the basic starting information for this assessment.
12		(c) Traffic information used for the Annual Report shall be updated as necessary to
13		account for traffic levels from the following development projects if these
14		projects were not considered in the last Annual Report:
15		(i) traffic from newly constructed development projects;
16		(ii) projects for which traffic impacts have been tentatively reserved; and
17		(iii) projects for which a Final Concurrency Decision has been made.
18		The traffic information used for the Annual Report shall also be updated and
19 20		reserved traffic impacts removed as necessary as a result of any discontinued
20 21		<ul><li>(d) Certificates of Concurrency and any Funded Projects after the last Annual Report.</li><li>(d) Each Affected County Road Segment and Affected County Intersection shall be</li></ul>
21		reviewed and if necessary analyzed. The Applicant may be required to provide a
22		traffic analysis if existing information does not provide adequate information for
23 24		this assessment.
25		(e) There is concurrency with the Individual Road Segment and Intersection level of
26		service standards if, taking into account funded projects:
27		(i) the level of service on each Affected County Road Segment and each
28		Affected County Intersection will meet or exceed the standards adopted in
29		the Comprehensive Plan; or
30		(ii) the Applicant agrees to modify the project or provide transportation
31		improvements or Transportation Systems Management strategies and/or
32		other binding financial commitments that will result in the level of service
33		on each Affected County Road Segment and each Affected County
34		Intersection meeting or exceeding the standards adopted in the
35		Comprehensive Plan.
36 37		
37 38		
38 39	14.28.	.070 Non-Transportation Concurrency.
40	(1)	Development projects required to obtain a Concurrency Determination for Non-
40	(1)	Transportation Facilities and Services shall demonstrate that there is concurrency with
42		each Non-Transportation Facilities and Services as follows:
43		(a) For Water - If the project is within the service area for a public water system as
44		identified in the Coordinated Water Services Plan (CWSP), the Applicant has a
45		letter of water availability from the applicable water system purveyor and the

3       A.       A.         4       (b)       For Sewer - If the project is within an area approved for public sanitary sewer purveyor's Comprehensive Plan and complies with all requirements of that purveyor for obtaining sewer service, including any conditions as appropriate for improvements necessary to meet the applicable standards set forth in sewer requirements adopted by that purveyor.         9       (c)       For Police -         10       (i)       In Urban Growth Areas - 1 officer per 1,000 population served or per 100 acres of developed commercial or industrial property, whichever is higher.         11       (ii)       In Rural Areas - 1 officer per 2,000 population served.         12       (i)       In Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; the provider has the capability for annual inspections of all commercial and industrial facilities and has the ability to comply with the following 90% of the time:         13       (d)       For Fire -       (i)       Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per minute (ggm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a minimum of 4 firefighters for response to structural fires, vehicle fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering a minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician for medical responses.         21       minimum of 1 First Response time, supporting the interior structural fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a search & rescue team, a team	1 2		project is conditioned as appropriate to provide water system improvements necessary to meet the applicable urban or rural standards as set forth in Appendix	
4       (b)       For Sewer - If the project is within an area approved for public sanitary sewer         5       pursuant to the applicable sewer purveyor's Comprehensive Plan and complies         6       with all requirements of that purveyor for obtaining sewer service, including any         7       conditions as appropriate for improvements necessary to meet the applicable         8       standards set forth in sewer requirements adopted by that purveyor.         9       (c)       For Police -         10       (i)       In Urban Growth Areas - 1 officer per 1,000 population served or per 100 acres of developed commercial or industrial property, whichever is higher.         11       (ii)       In Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire         16       Code; the provider has the capability for annual inspections of all commercial and industrial facilities and has the ability to comply with the following 90% of the time:         19       a)       Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fire, subicle         21       minimum of Basic Life Support including defibrillation with a minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician for medical responses.         22       fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a search & rescue team, a team for a backup line ad standby firefighters on-sce				
5       pursuant to the applicable sewer purveyor's Comprehensive Plan and complies         6       with all requirements of that purveyor for obtaining sewer service, including any         7       conditions as appropriate for improvements necessary to meet the applicable         8       standards set forth in sewer requirements adopted by that purveyor.         9       (c)       For Police -         10       (i)       In Urban Growth Areas - 1 officer per 1,000 population served or per 100 acres of developed commercial or industrial property, whichever is higher.         13       (d)       For Fire -         14       (i)       In Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; the provider has the capability for annual inspections of all commercial and industrial facilities and has the ability to comply with the following 90% of the time:         19       a)       Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering a minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician for medical responses.         7       b)       Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby firefighters totaling between		(b)		
6       with all requirements of that purveyor for obtaining sewer service, including any conditions as appropriate for improvements necessary to meet the applicable standards set forth in sewer requirements adopted by that purveyor.         9       (c) For Police -         10       (i) In Urban Growth Areas - 1 officer per 1,000 population served or per 100 acres of developed commercial or industrial property, whichever is higher.         12       (ii) In Rural Areas - 1 officer per 2,000 population served.         13       (d) For Fire -         14       (i) In Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; the provider has the capability for annual inspections of all commercial and industrial facilities and has the ability to comply with the following 90% of the time:         19       a) Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering a minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician for medical responses.         27       b) Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on scene; providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at motor whicle accidents.         33       c) Within 20 minutes response t		(-)		
7       conditions as appropriate for improvements necessary to meet the applicable standards set forth in sewer requirements adopted by that purveyor.         9       (c) For Police -         10       (i) In Urban Growth Areas - 1 officer per 1,000 population served or per 100 acres of developed commercial or industrial property, whichever is higher.         11       (ii) In Rural Areas - 1 officer per 2,000 population served.         13       (d) For Fire -         14       (i) In Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; the provider has the capability for annual inspections of all commercial and industrial facilities and has the ability to comply with the following 90% of the time:         19       a) Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering a minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician for medical responses.         27       b) Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene; providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at motor vehicle accidents.         29       search & response time, delivering 2000 gpm and have an elevated master stream capability. <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				
8       standards set forth in sewer requirements adopted by that purveyor.         9       (c)       For Police -         10       (i)       In Urban Growth Areas - 1 officer per 1,000 population served or per 100 acress of developed commercial or industrial property, whichever is higher.         12       (ii)       In Rural Areas - 1 officer per 2,000 population served.         13       (d)       For Fire -         14       (i)       In Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; the provider has the capability for annual inspections of all commercial and industrial facilities and has the ability to comply with the following 90% of the time:         19       a)       Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering a minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician for medical responses.         27       b)       Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural fire restack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby firefighters tortaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene; providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at motor vehicle accidents.         33       c)       Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flow				
9       (c)       For Police -         10       (i)       In Urban Growth Areas - 1 officer per 1,000 population served or per 100 acres of developed commercial or industrial property, whichever is higher.         11       (ii)       In Rural Areas - 1 officer per 2,000 population served.         13       (d)       For Fire -         14       (i)       In Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; the provider has the capability for annual inspections of all commercial and industrial facilities and has the ability to comply with the following 90% of the time:         19       a)       Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering a minimum of Basic Life Support including defibrillation with a minimum of I First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician for medical responses.         27       b)       Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene; providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at motor vehicle accidents.         33       c)       Within 10 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire r				
10       (i)       In Urban Growth Areas - 1 officer per 1,000 population served or per 100 acres of developed commercial or industrial property, whichever is higher.         12       (ii)       In Rural Areas - 1 officer per 2,000 population served.         13       (d)       For Fire -         14       (i)       In Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; the provider has the capability for annual inspections of all commercial and industrial facilities and has the ability to comply with the following 90% of the time:         19       a)       Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering a minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician for medical responses.         27       b)       Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene; providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at motor vehicle accidents.         33       c)       Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.         34       fire attack with teams vhich may including heavy hydraulics, at motor vehicle accid		(c)		
11       acres of developed commercial or industrial property, whichever is higher.         12       (i)       In Rural Areas - 1 officer per 2,000 population served.         13       (d)       For Fire -         14       (i)       In Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance         15       with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire         16       Code; the provider has the capability for annual inspections of all         17       commercial and industrial facilities and has the ability to comply with the         18       following 90% of the time:         19       a)       Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per         11       minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a         12       fires, toher outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire         13       a minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician         16       for medical responses.         27       b)       Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural         28       search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby         30       fire fighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene;         29       search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby         30       firefighteres totaling between 8 and		(•)		
12       (ii)       In Rural Areas - 1 officer per 2,000 population served.         13       (d)       For Fire -         14       (i)       In Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire         16       Code; the provider has the capability for annual inspections of all commercial and industrial facilities and has the ability to comply with the following 90% of the time:         19       a)       Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering a minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician for medical responses.         27       b)       Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene; providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at motor vehicle accidents.         33       c)       Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 2000 gpm and have an elevated master stream capability.         34       (ii)       In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 orbetter.				
13       (d) For Fire -         14       (i) In Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; the provider has the capability for annual inspections of all commercial and industrial facilities and has the ability to comply with the following 90% of the time:         19       a) Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering a minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician for medical responses.         27       b) Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on scene; providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at motor vehicle accidents.         23       c) Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 2000 gpm and have an elevated master stream capability.         33       c) Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses. For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and have an elevated master stream capability.         34       (ii) In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and miles from a recognized Community A fire			1 1 0 0	
14(i)In Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance15with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire16Code; the provider has the capability for annual inspections of all17commercial and industrial facilities and has the ability to comply with the18following 90% of the time:19a)Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per20minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle21fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire23alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering24a minimum of Basic Life Support including defibrillation with a25minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician26for medical responses.27b)Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural28fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a29search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby30firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene;31providing Haavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows34in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and have an elevated master stream capability.36have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project p		(d)		
15with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire16Code; the provider has the capability for annual inspections of all commercial and industrial facilities and has the ability to comply with the following 90% of the time:19a)Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering a minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician for medical responses.27b)Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene; providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at motor vehicle accidents.33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and have an elevated master stream capability.36In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles t		(4)		
16Code; the provider has the capability for annual inspections of all commercial and industrial facilities and has the ability to comply with the following 90% of the time:19a)Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering a minimum of Basic Life Support including defibrillation with a minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician for medical responses.27b)Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene; providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at motor vehicle accidents.33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.34in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and have an elevated master stream capability.36uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of				
17commercial and industrial facilities and has the ability to comply with the18following 90% of the time:19a)Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per20minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a21minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle22fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire23alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering24a minimum of Basic Life Support including defibrillation with a25minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician26fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a28search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby30firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene;31providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at32motor vehicle accidents.33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows34in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and36have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in36accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designati				
18following 90% of the time:19a)Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per20minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a21minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle22fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire23alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering24a minimum of Basic Life Support including defibrillation with a25minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician26fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a28search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby30firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene;31providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows34in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and36have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in38accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road43miles to a recognized Community A fire station, or within 10 road <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
19a)Within 5 minutes response time, delivering up to 200 gallons per20minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a21minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle22fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire23alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering24a minimum of Basic Life Support including defibrillation with a25minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician26fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a29search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby30firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene;31providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at32motor vehicle accidents.33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows34in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and36have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in38accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road43miles to a recognized Community A fire station, or within 10 road43 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
20minute (gpm) fire flow in an offensive (interior) attack, with a21minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle22fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire23alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering24a minimum of Basic Life Support including defibrillation with a25minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician26for medical responses.27b)Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural28fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a29search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby30firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene;31providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at32motor vehicle accidents.33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows34in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and36have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in38accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road42miles for a recognized Community A			e	
21minimum of 4 firefighters for responses to structural fires, vehicle22fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire23alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering24a minimum of Basic Life Support including defibrillation with a25minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician26fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a28search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby30firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene;31providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows34in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and36have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in38accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road43miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of				
22fires, other outside fires, motor vehicle accidents, activated fire23alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering24a minimum of Basic Life Support including defibrillation with a25minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician26fire attack vehicle accidents, activated fire28b)29search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby30firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene;31providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at32c)33c)34motor vehicle accidents.35for buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and36have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)38accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road43miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of				
23alarm systems or other hazardous conditions; capable of delivering a minimum of Basic Life Support including defibrillation with a minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician for medical responses.27b)Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene; providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at motor vehicle accidents.23c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.25For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and have an elevated master stream capability.26In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and 4040Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road miles from a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of			• •	
24a minimum of Basic Life Support including defibrillation with a25minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician26for medical responses.27b)Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural28fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a29search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby30firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene;31providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at32motor vehicle accidents.33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows34in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and36have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in38accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road43miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of				
25minimum of 1 First Responder or Emergency Medical Technician26for medical responses.27b)Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural28fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a29search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby30firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene;31providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at32motor vehicle accidents.33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows34in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and36have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in38accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road42miles from a recognized Community A fire station, or within 10 road43miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of				
26for medical responses.27b)Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby30firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene; providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at motor vehicle accidents.33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road miles from a recognized Community A fire station, or within 10 road miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of				
27b)Within 10 minutes response time, supporting the interior structural fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene; providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at motor vehicle accidents.33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road miles from a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road				
28fire attack with teams which may include a ventilation team, a29search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby30firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene;31providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at32motor vehicle accidents.33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows34in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and36have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)38accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road42miles from a recognized Community A fire station, or within 10 road43miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of	27		•	
29search & rescue team, a team for a backup line and standby30firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene;31providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at32motor vehicle accidents.33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows34in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and36have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)38accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road42miles from a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of	28			
30firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene;31providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at32motor vehicle accidents.33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows34in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and36have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)38accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road42miles from a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of				
31providing Heavy Rescue capability, including heavy hydraulics, at motor vehicle accidents.33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses. For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and have an elevated master stream capability.36In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road miles from a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of	30		firefighters totaling between 8 and 12 firefighters on-scene;	
32motor vehicle accidents.33c)Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows34in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.35For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and36have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)38accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road42miles from a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of	31			
<ul> <li>in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.</li> <li>For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and have an elevated master stream capability.</li> <li>(ii) In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.</li> <li>Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road miles from a recognized Community A fire station, or within 10 road miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of</li> </ul>	32			
<ul> <li>in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses.</li> <li>For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and have an elevated master stream capability.</li> <li>(ii) In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.</li> <li>Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road miles from a recognized Community A fire station, or within 10 road miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of</li> </ul>	33		c) Within 20 minutes response time, delivering 1500-gpm fire flows	
36have an elevated master stream capability.37(ii)In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in38accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road42miles from a recognized Community A fire station, or within 10 road43miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of	34			
37(ii)In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in38accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road42miles from a recognized Community A fire station, or within 10 road43miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of	35		For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm and	
38accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road42miles from a recognized Community A fire station, or within 10 road43miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of	36		have an elevated master stream capability.	
38accordance with the CWSP (Section 4, Minimum Design Standards) and39Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road42miles from a recognized Community A fire station, or within 10 road43miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of	37		(ii) In Non-Urban Growth Areas - The project provides fire flow in	
40Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road42miles from a recognized Community A fire station, or within 10 road43miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of	38			
41Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road42miles from a recognized Community A fire station, or within 10 road43miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of	39		Uniform Fire Code; and the provider has a Washington Surveying and	
42miles from a recognized Community A fire station, or within 10 road43miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of	40		Rating Bureau (WSRB) public protection classification #8 or better.	
43 miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of	41		Within an IF-NRL designation, the project must also be within 5 road	
	42		miles from a recognized Community A fire station, or within 10 road	
44 a fire station having an Initial Attack Fire Apparatus.	43		miles to a recognized Community A fire station and within 5 road miles of	
	44		a fire station having an Initial Attack Fire Apparatus.	

- 1 (2)Non-Transportation Facility and Services Providers shall be responsible for maintaining 2 and monitoring the available capacity for their facility for the purpose of responding to 3 requests for project concurrency determinations and for responding to requests by the 4 County during the annual concurrency determination. The providers shall take into 5 account existing use of their facility, additional use from anticipated growth, new projects 6 for which capacity has been tentatively reserved and new projects for which a Final 7 Concurrency Decision has been made, and additional capacity available as a result of any 8 discontinued certificate of capacity and capacity improvements that are funded and under 9 construction. 10 (3) To demonstrate concurrency with each of the Non-Transportation Facilities and Services 11 the Applicant may: 12 demonstrate that the development will have a lower need for capacity than usual; (a) 13 or 14 (b) modify the application to reduce the need for capacity; or offer binding mitigation measures that will provide additional capacity necessary 15 (c) 16 to maintain the level of service standard upon project occupancy. 17 18 14.28.080 Certificate of Capacity. 19 A certificate of capacity shall only be issued upon payment of any concurrency fee due (1)20 and performance of any precondition established in the permit decision as a prerequisite 21 for obtaining such certificate. 22 A certificate of capacity shall apply only to the specific land uses, densities, intensities (2)and development project described in the application and development permit. 23 24 A certificate of capacity is not transferable to other property, but may be transferred to (3) 25 new owners of the same property. 26 A certificate of capacity shall remain valid so long as the accompanying development (4) 27 permit has not expired or been revoked. 28 A certificate of capacity is valid for any modification of the permits for which the (5) certificate was issued so long as such modification does not require the Applicant to 29 30 obtain a new development permit. 31 Any capacity that is not used because the full extent of the development is not built shall (6) 32 be returned to the pool of available capacity. 33 34 14.28.090 **Facility Capacity Fees.** 35 Concurrency Facility and Service Providers may charge concurrency fees based upon an adopted 36 fee schedule. 37
- 38 14.28.100 **Development within Municipal UGAs.**
- 39 Project Concurrency Review for development within the unincorporated portion of a city/town's
- 40 Urban Growth Area shall be the responsibility of that city or town pursuant to the concurrency
- 41 regulations of that city or town. The County, in its Annual Concurrency Review, shall assess 42
- concurrency within the unincorporated portions of all Urban Growth Areas.

#### **14.28.105 Development within the Bayview Ridge UGA shall be governed by the following levels of service standards and development agreements.**

# 1) Street Standards for Bayview Ridge UGA.

a) As a condition of any development approval, including but not limited to, subdivision approvals, for any of the listed permitted, accessory or special uses, within the Bayview Ridge UGA, other than for interim agricultural uses, the property owner shall construct streets consistent with the Skagit County Road Standards, (see proposed urban area roadway design standards, Appendix 1). In addition, as a condition of development approval and for all property owned by the same owner in the UGA, the owner shall sign an agreement not to protest a future Local Improvement District (LID) or other pro rata sharing of costs to upgrade or install additional urban standard street improvements, street lights and/or sidewalks within 20 years, if such are determined necessary as part of urban level of service standards in the Subarea Plan process for the Bayview UGA. Credit for prior contributions and improvements that are included in the Subarea facilities plan shall be provided as set forth in subsection (6).

 b) The Administrative Official may grant an exception to the requirements for curb, gutter and sidewalk on property if it is determined that such exception is necessary to protect wetlands and their required buffers under the County's Critical Areas Ordinance and if, as an alternative to sidewalks along the street, the Port of Skagit County (Port) and/or landowner has constructed or will have constructed prior to occupancy, a pedestrian trail system consistent with and augmenting the trail system adopted by the Port in Resolution No. 99-09 on August 3, 1999, pursuant to Ordinance #18264, Attachment 1, Appendix 2.

# 2) Water Service in the Bayview Ridge UGA.

As a condition of any development approval for any of the listed permitted, accessory or special uses within the Bayview Ridge UGA, other than for interim agricultural uses, the property owner shall obtain a certificate of water availability for the proposed use from Skagit PUD #1 and connect to the PUD #1 water system. Fire flow requirements shall be as specified in the Skagit County Coordinated Water System Plan. In addition, as a condition of development approval, and for all property owned by the same owner in the UGA, the owner shall sign an agreement not to protest a future LID or other pro rata sharing of costs to upgrade the water system in the future or to install additional urban standard water lines or facilities within 20 years, if such are determined necessary as part of water level of service standards in the Subarea Plan process for the Bayview Ridge UGA or are required to meet the owner's water capacity demands based on PUD #1's development regulations (design criteria). Credit for prior contributions and improvements that are included in the Subarea facilities plan shall be provided as set forth in subsection (6) below.

39 40 41

42

1

2

3 4

5 6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25 26

27 28

29

30 31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

### 3) Storm Drainage in the Bayview Ridge UGA.

43
44
45
45
46
47
48
48
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
49
<

1	surface and storm water management improvements as determined by the County to be
2	consistent with the City of Burlington surface water management standards found in Skagit
3	County Code 14.32, Drainage Ordinance. In addition, as a condition of development
4	approval, and for all property owned by the same owner in the UGA, the owner shall sign an
5	agreement not to protest a future LID or other pro rata sharing of costs to upgrade the surface
6	water management system or install additional urban standard storm water management
7	improvements within 20 years, if such are determined necessary as part of surface or
8	stormwater management standards in the Subarea Plan process for the Bayview Ridge UGA.
9	Credit for prior contributions and improvements that are included in the Subarea facilities
10	plan shall be provided as set forth in subsection (6) below.
11	
12	4) Sanitary Sewer Service in Bayview Ridge UGA
13	
14	As a condition of development approval for any of the listed permitted, accessory or special
15	uses, other than for interim agricultural use, if the property on which a proposed use is
16	located is within 200 feet of an existing City of Burlington sewer line, the owner must obtain
17	confirmation of sewer availability from the City of Burlington prior to development approval
18	and must connect to the existing sewer line. If the proposed use is located beyond that 200-
19	foot limit, the use may apply for a waiver to operate on an approved holding tank, pursuant to
20	the requirements of Skagit County Code 12.05.130 and .260 and the Washington State
21	Department of Health Standards and Guidance for Holding Tank Sewage Systems, in the
22	interim, subject to the following:
23	
24	a) the owner's management plan submitted to the County Health Officer pursuant to SCC
25	12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a
25 26	12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;
25 26 27	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</li> <li>c) the required holding tank sewage system for the proposed industrial use is sized for no</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</li> <li>c) the required holding tank sewage system for the proposed industrial use is sized for no more than 2 Units Volume of Sewage Flow, as defined by Skagit County Code 12.05.030</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</li> <li>c) the required holding tank sewage system for the proposed industrial use is sized for no more than 2 Units Volume of Sewage Flow, as defined by Skagit County Code 12.05.030 (900 gpd); per 20 acres of existing legal parcel area, provided that any existing legal lot</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</li> <li>c) the required holding tank sewage system for the proposed industrial use is sized for no more than 2 Units Volume of Sewage Flow, as defined by Skagit County Code 12.05.030 (900 gpd); per 20 acres of existing legal parcel area, provided that any existing legal lot of record within the Bayview Ridge UGA smaller than 10 acres as of the date of the</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</li> <li>c) the required holding tank sewage system for the proposed industrial use is sized for no more than 2 Units Volume of Sewage Flow, as defined by Skagit County Code 12.05.030 (900 gpd); per 20 acres of existing legal parcel area, provided that any existing legal lot of record within the Bayview Ridge UGA smaller than 10 acres as of the date of the ordinance shall be entitled to construct a holding tank sewage system sized for no more</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</li> <li>c) the required holding tank sewage system for the proposed industrial use is sized for no more than 2 Units Volume of Sewage Flow, as defined by Skagit County Code 12.05.030 (900 gpd); per 20 acres of existing legal parcel area, provided that any existing legal lot of record within the Bayview Ridge UGA smaller than 10 acres as of the date of the ordinance shall be entitled to construct a holding tank sewage system sized for no more than 1 Unit Volume of Sewage Flow (450 gpd), as long as all requirements of Skagit</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</li> <li>c) the required holding tank sewage system for the proposed industrial use is sized for no more than 2 Units Volume of Sewage Flow, as defined by Skagit County Code 12.05.030 (900 gpd); per 20 acres of existing legal parcel area, provided that any existing legal lot of record within the Bayview Ridge UGA smaller than 10 acres as of the date of the ordinance shall be entitled to construct a holding tank sewage system sized for no more than 1 Unit Volume of Sewage Flow (450 gpd), as long as all requirements of Skagit County Code 12.05 can otherwise be met;</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</li> <li>c) the required holding tank sewage system for the proposed industrial use is sized for no more than 2 Units Volume of Sewage Flow, as defined by Skagit County Code 12.05.030 (900 gpd); per 20 acres of existing legal parcel area, provided that any existing legal lot of record within the Bayview Ridge UGA smaller than 10 acres as of the date of the ordinance shall be entitled to construct a holding tank sewage system sized for no more than 1 Unit Volume of Sewage Flow (450 gpd), as long as all requirements of Skagit County Code 12.05 can otherwise be met;</li> <li>d) Between 6 and 12 months after commencement of the operation and once approximately</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</li> <li>c) the required holding tank sewage system for the proposed industrial use is sized for no more than 2 Units Volume of Sewage Flow, as defined by Skagit County Code 12.05.030 (900 gpd); per 20 acres of existing legal parcel area, provided that any existing legal lot of record within the Bayview Ridge UGA smaller than 10 acres as of the date of the ordinance shall be entitled to construct a holding tank sewage system sized for no more than 1 Unit Volume of Sewage Flow (450 gpd), as long as all requirements of Skagit County Code 12.05 can otherwise be met;</li> <li>d) Between 6 and 12 months after commencement of the operation and once approximately every 2 years thereafter until public sewer is connected the County shall evaluate either</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	<ul> <li><u>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</u></li> <li><u>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</u></li> <li><u>c) the required holding tank sewage system for the proposed industrial use is sized for no more than 2 Units Volume of Sewage Flow, as defined by Skagit County Code 12.05.030 (900 gpd); per 20 acres of existing legal parcel area, provided that any existing legal lot of record within the Bayview Ridge UGA smaller than 10 acres as of the date of the ordinance shall be entitled to construct a holding tank sewage system sized for no more than 1 Unit Volume of Sewage Flow (450 gpd), as long as all requirements of Skagit County Code 12.05 can otherwise be met;</u></li> <li><u>d) Between 6 and 12 months after commencement of the operation and once approximately every 2 years thereafter until public sewer is connected the County shall evaluate either public water record use or all holding tank pumping records to evaluate the actual</u></li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</li> <li>c) the required holding tank sewage system for the proposed industrial use is sized for no more than 2 Units Volume of Sewage Flow, as defined by Skagit County Code 12.05.030 (900 gpd); per 20 acres of existing legal parcel area, provided that any existing legal lot of record within the Bayview Ridge UGA smaller than 10 acres as of the date of the ordinance shall be entitled to construct a holding tank sewage system sized for no more than 1 Unit Volume of Sewage Flow (450 gpd), as long as all requirements of Skagit County Code 12.05 can otherwise be met;</li> <li>d) Between 6 and 12 months after commencement of the operation and once approximately every 2 years thereafter until public sewer is connected the County shall evaluate either public water record use or all holding tank pumping records to evaluate the actual Sewage Volume and verify its consistency with the limits of subsection (4)(c) above. If</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</li> <li>c) the required holding tank sewage system for the proposed industrial use is sized for no more than 2 Units Volume of Sewage Flow, as defined by Skagit County Code 12.05.030 (900 gpd); per 20 acres of existing legal parcel area, provided that any existing legal lot of record within the Bayview Ridge UGA smaller than 10 acres as of the date of the ordinance shall be entitled to construct a holding tank sewage system sized for no more than 1 Unit Volume of Sewage Flow (450 gpd), as long as all requirements of Skagit County Code 12.05 can otherwise be met;</li> <li>d) Between 6 and 12 months after commencement of the operation and once approximately every 2 years thereafter until public sewer is connected the County shall evaluate either public water record use or all holding tank pumping records to evaluate the actual Sewage Volume and verify its consistency with the limits of subsection (4)(c) above. If the County relies on holding tank pumping records, the County shall require the property</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</li> <li>c) the required holding tank sewage system for the proposed industrial use is sized for no more than 2 Units Volume of Sewage Flow, as defined by Skagit County Code 12.05.030 (900 gpd); per 20 acres of existing legal parcel area, provided that any existing legal lot of record within the Bayview Ridge UGA smaller than 10 acres as of the date of the ordinance shall be entitled to construct a holding tank sewage system sized for no more than 1 Unit Volume of Sewage Flow (450 gpd), as long as all requirements of Skagit County Code 12.05 can otherwise be met;</li> <li>d) Between 6 and 12 months after commencement of the operation and once approximately every 2 years thereafter until public sewer is connected the County shall evaluate either public water record use or all holding tank pumping records to evaluate the actual Sewage Volume and verify its consistency with the limits of subsection (4)(c) above. If the County relies on holding tank pumping records, the County shall require the property owner to certify that the records constitute all of the holding tank pumping services for</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</li> <li>c) the required holding tank sewage system for the proposed industrial use is sized for no more than 2 Units Volume of Sewage Flow, as defined by Skagit County Code 12.05.030 (900 gpd); per 20 acres of existing legal parcel area, provided that any existing legal lot of record within the Bayview Ridge UGA smaller than 10 acres as of the date of the ordinance shall be entitled to construct a holding tank sewage system sized for no more than 1 Unit Volume of Sewage Flow (450 gpd), as long as all requirements of Skagit County Code 12.05 can otherwise be met;</li> <li>d) Between 6 and 12 months after commencement of the operation and once approximately every 2 years thereafter until public sewer is connected the County shall evaluate either public water record use or all holding tank pumping records to evaluate the actual Sewage Volume and verify its consistency with the limits of subsection (4)(c) above. If the County relies on holding tank pumping records, the County shall require the property owner to certify that the records constitute all of the holding tank pumping services for the property. Allowed sewage volume shall be calculated as equal to water use unless the</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	<ul> <li>12.05.130(3)(b) must contain a provision for proper disposal of holding tank contents at a certified facility;</li> <li>b) owners utilizing holding tanks shall record a covenant that if the property is sold, the tanks will be certified to be empty and non-hazardous unless the new owner gives written agreement to accept responsibility for any tank contents;</li> <li>c) the required holding tank sewage system for the proposed industrial use is sized for no more than 2 Units Volume of Sewage Flow, as defined by Skagit County Code 12.05.030 (900 gpd); per 20 acres of existing legal parcel area, provided that any existing legal lot of record within the Bayview Ridge UGA smaller than 10 acres as of the date of the ordinance shall be entitled to construct a holding tank sewage system sized for no more than 1 Unit Volume of Sewage Flow (450 gpd), as long as all requirements of Skagit County Code 12.05 can otherwise be met;</li> <li>d) Between 6 and 12 months after commencement of the operation and once approximately every 2 years thereafter until public sewer is connected the County shall evaluate either public water record use or all holding tank pumping records to evaluate the actual Sewage Volume and verify its consistency with the limits of subsection (4)(c) above. If the County relies on holding tank pumping records, the County shall require the property owner to certify that the records constitute all of the holding tank pumping services for</li> </ul>

Proposed Bayview Ridge Subarea Development Standards April 2003

1	i) The County shall make the results of this monitoring available for public review and
2	inspection.
3	ii) The costs of this monitoring may be charged to the property owner or industrial user.
4	iii) If the results of any monitoring reflect a problem with the permitted quantity
5	described in this section, then the County shall:
6	(1) immediately commence enforcement actions pursuant to existing state and local
7	regulations and expeditiously pursue enforcement actions in Superior Court;
8	(2) commence an increased frequency monitoring program to more closely monitor
9	the user and the system for compliance consistent with Skagit County Code
10	12.05.170 and with subsection (4)(c) above;
11	(3) shall pursue any other remedies that are available at law to an entity as if it were
12	providing public sewer service to the site; and
13	(4) if deemed necessary to protect the public health and safety, the County may
14	advance the schedule to install public sewer to the site.
15	e) as a condition of any development approval, and for all property owned by the same
16	owner in the UGA, the property owner agrees for all property owned in said UGA not to
17	protest an LID or other pro-rata sharing in any costs to upgrade and extend public sewer
18	to the property within 20 years. Credit for prior contributions and improvements that are
19 20	included in the Subarea facilities plan shall be provided as set forth in subsection (6)
20	below;
21 22	<u>f)</u> as a condition of development approval, and for all property owned by the same owner in the UGA, the property owner shall agree to convey any necessary utility easements for
22	future installation of public sewer; and
23 24	g) no expansion of the industrial use or operation shall be permitted that would be
25	inconsistent with the limitations imposed by subsection (4)(c) above.
26	meonsistent with the minitations imposed by subsection (+)(c) above.
27	5) Other Public Facilities and Services in Bayview Ridge UGA
28	As a condition of any development approval for any of the listed permitted, accessory or
29	special uses, other than for interim agricultural uses in the Bayview Ridge UGA, and for
30	other property owned by the same owner in the UGA, the property owner shall sign an
31	agreement not to protest a future LID or other pro rata sharing of costs to upgrade or install
32	additional urban standard public facilities and services identified in the Subarea Plan process
33	for the Bayview Ridge UGA within 20 years, including, but not limited to fire/emergency
34	and police/sheriff services and facilities. Credit for prior contributions and improvements
35	that are included in the Subarea facilities plan shall be provided as set forth in subsection (6)
36	below.
37	6) Credit for Prior Contributions and Infrastructure Improvements
38	
39	All of the agreements not to protest a LID or other pro rata cost sharing arrangement
40	described in subsections (1) through (5) above shall include credit for any contributions or
41	facility construction already made or completed by the individual property owners (or their
42	predecessor in interest) for the particular urban public facility or service contemplated by the
43	Subarea Plan or LID, including, but not limited to construction of urban standard roads,
44	stormwater drainage facilities, or utilities or dedication of property for public facilities.

Proposed Bayview Ridge Subarea Development Standards April 2003

1

4

- 2 14.28.110 Annual Concurrency Assessment.
- 3 (1) Annual Concurrency Assessment for Roads.
  - The County Engineer shall produce an Annual Concurrency Report for County Roads, which will update the status of County roads with respect to concurrency.

5 6 (a) Road System Concurrency. By July 1 of each year, the Public Works 7 Department, under the direction of the County Engineer, shall complete an annual 8 update of the transportation level of service (LOS) model. This update will 9 include a determination of the current road segment improvement needs for the 10 functionally classified roads of the County road system based on the Birdsall 11 Method. It also will include a projection of new road segment improvement 12 needs anticipated over the next 5 years to help in the planning for road system 13 improvement projects. Current needs shall be based on existing traffic levels plus 14 traffic impacts from development projects anticipated for completion within the 15 next year based upon a growth projection, consideration of projects for which traffic impacts have been tentatively reserved and projects for which a Final 16 17 Concurrency Decision has been made, but the project is not yet built. This 18 information shall be included in the Annual Report.

- 19Each year, in conjunction with the adoption of the 6-Year Transportation20Improvement Program (6-Year TIP), the Board of County Commissioners shall21designate various projects on the TIP as Funded Projects.
- As a part of the annual adoption of the 6-Year TIP, the Board of County Commissioners shall make a determination that the County Road System either is or is not in concurrence. For the system to be in concurrence, the VMT on road segments with existing improvement needs minus the VMT on 'funded' road projects that have existing needs, divided by the system-wide VMT must be less than the overload tolerance standard. (For a detailed discussion of this concept,
- 28 see Ch. V, Level of Service Standards in the Transportation Systems Plan). 29 Individual Road Concurrency. By July 1 of each year, the Skagit County Public (b) 30 Works Department, under the direction of the County Engineer, shall evaluate the 31 High Traffic County Road Segments and High Traffic County Road Intersections 32 using a Highway Capacity Manual type method (as selected by the County 33 Engineer) to determine whether these road segments and intersections comply 34 with the level of service standards adopted in the Comprehensive Plan. This 35 evaluation shall be based on existing traffic levels plus traffic impacts from 36 development projects anticipated for completion within the next year based upon 37 a growth projection, upon consideration of projects for which traffic impacts have 38 been tentatively reserved and upon projects for which a Final Concurrency 39 Decision has been made. In addition, a projection of those County road segments 40 and County road intersections which are anticipated to fall below the level of service standards adopted in the Comprehensive Plan over the next 5 years shall 41 42 be made to help in the planning for road system improvement projects. 43 Any County road segment or County road intersection, which has fallen below the level of service standards adopted in the Comprehensive Plan, shall be considered 44 45 concurrent if an improvement project which will cause that road segment or

 intersection to meet or exceed the adopted level of service standards has been designated on the 6-Year TIP as a Funded Project. The results of the annual update for individual road concurrency shall be included in the Annual Report.
 (2) Annual Concurrency Assessment for Non-Transportation Concurrency Facilities and Services.
 (a) By January 31st of each year, the following Concurrency Facility and Service

7 8

9

 (a) By January 31st of each year, the following Concurrency Facility and Service Providers shall report to the County the total available capacity of their facility or service in units that are directly comparable to the level of service standards established for these facilities and services.

10

Facility/Service	Provider	
	Unincorporated	Rural
	<b>Urban Growth Area</b>	
Water	Water purveyors identified in Coordi	inated Water System Plan
Sanitary Sewer	Municipal sewer service providers	Big Lake Sewer District for
	Skagit County Sewer District - 1	Big Lake Rural Village only
	for portions of Swinomish UGA	Whatcom County Water
	City of Burlington- Bayview Ridge	District #12 pur suant to
	<u>UGA</u>	existing sewer service
		contracts only
Stormwater	County Publi	ic Works
Police	County Sheriff	
Fire	Fire Districts	
Fairgrounds	County Parks Dept.	
General Government	County Administrator	
Parks	County Parks Dept.	
Public Safety (jails)	County Sheriff	
Senior Centers	County Senior Services	
Solid Waste	County Public Works	

11

11		
12	(b)	The annual information submitted by each provider shall take into account current
13		capacity usage, capacity tentatively reserved for pending permit applications,
14		capacity reserved for permitted projects that are not yet fully occupied based upon
15		Final Concurrency Decisions, capacity available as a result of expired, withdrawn
16		or revoked Final Concurrency Decisions and capacity that has been added by the
17		implementation of improvements and strategies.
18	(c)	By July 1 of each year, the capacity of the facilities and services set forth above

- 18 (c) By July 1 of each year, the capacity of the facilities and services set forth above 19 shall be evaluated by the Administrative Official to determine if the level of 20 service standards for each of these Facilities and Services is being met. The level 21 of service standards to be used in this annual review are as follows:
- 22

Facility/Service	LOS	
	Urban	Rural
Water	As established in Appendix A	
Sewer	As determined by each sewer provider	

Proposed Bayview Ridge Subarea Development Standards April 2003

Facility/Service	LOS	
	Urban	Rural
Stormwater	As established in Public Works	Standards per SCC 14.36
Police	1 officer per 1,000 population	1 officer per 2,000
	served or per 100 acres of	population served.
	developed commercial or	
	industrial property, whichever is	
	higher.	
Fire	1. For cities and their adjacent	A Washington Surveying
	urban growth areas, an ISO	and Rating Bureau
	grading of 5 or better, shall be	(WSRB) with a public
	maintained otherwise.	protection classification #8
	2. Within 5 minutes of being	or better and fire flow in
	dispatched, the Fire Department	accordance with the
	shall arrive and be able to deliver	Coordinated Water Supply
	up to 200 gallons per minute	Plan (Section 4, Minimum
	(gpm) fire flow in an offensive	Design Standards).
	(interior) attack, with a minimum	
	of 4 firefighters, for responses to	Within an IF-NRL
	structural fires, vehicle fires, other	designation, a Washington
	outside fires, motor vehicle	Surveying and Rating
	accidents, activated fire alarm	Bureau (WSRB) with a
	systems or other hazardous	public protection
	conditions. The Fire Department	classification #8 or better
	shall also be capable of delivering	and must be within 5 road
	a minimum of Basic Life Support	miles from a recognized
	including defibrillation, with a	Community A fire station,
	minimum of one First Responder	or within 10 road miles to a
	or Emergency Medical Technician	recognized Community A
	for medical responses.	fire station and within 5
	Within 10 minutes of 1	road miles of a fire station
	Within 10 minutes of being	housing an Initial Attack
	dispatched, the Fire Department	Fire Apparatus. Fire flow
	shall be able to support the interior structural fire attack with teams	in accordance with the
		Coordinated Water Supply
	which may include: a ventilation	Plan (Section 4, Minimum
	team, a search & rescue team, a team for a backup line, and	Design Standards).
	standby firefighters, totaling	
	between 8 and 12 firefighters on-	
	scene. The Fire Department shall	
	also be capable of providing	
	Heavy Rescue capability,	
	including heavy hydraulics, at	
	motor vehicle accidents.	
	motor veniere accidents.	1

Facility/Service	LOS	
	Urban	Rural
	Within 20 minutes of being dispatched, the Fire Department shall be capable of delivering 1500 gpm fire flow in a sustained defensive attack mode for structural fire responses. For buildings larger than 10,000 sq. ft., delivering 2000 gpm, and have an elevated master stream capability. The above requirements shall be met for 90% of all incidents.	
	Mutual aid requested under the Mutual Aid Contract may be used to provide relief to the initial operating crews, but shall not be used to provide initial attack capability, support functions, or sustained attack capability. This does not preclude automatic aid agreements under separate contract, which does provide these capabilities or functions from other agencies.	
	Times are considered to be "Response Time," which shall be measured by the sum of turnout time (the time from dispatch until the first arriving unit is en route to the incident), plus travel time. Dispatch time shall be allocated a maximum of 1 additional minute, which is measured from the time the 9-1-1 call is received until the Fire Department is dispatched.	
	All operations shall be conducted in compliance with State and Federal regulations, including training requirements for	

Facility/Service	ity/Service LOS	
	Urban	Rural
	firefighters, and maintenance	
	requirements for equipment and	
	apparatus.	
	All commercial and industrial	
	facilities shall be inspected for	
	compliance with the Uniform Fire	
	Code at least annually. Water	
	systems shall be installed in	
	accordance with the Skagit County	
	Coordinated Water System Supply	
	Plan, with a fire flow meeting the	
	requirements of the Uniform Fire	
	Code.	
Fairgrounds		
General Purpose	263 sq. ft. per 1000 j	pop.
Buildings		
Equestrian Area	1.02 seats per 1000 j	
Livestock Barns	236.7 sq. ft. per 1000 j	
Public Restrooms	21.1 sq. ft. per 1000 j	
R.V. Parking	277.9 sq. ft. per 1000 j	pop.
General Government		
Admin.	901.1 sq. ft. per 1000 j	
Courthouse/Annex	380.3 sq. ft. per 1000 j	
District Court	0.019 courtrooms per 1000 j	
Superior Court	0.028 courtrooms per 1000 j	
Maintenance Shop	498.3 sq. ft. per 1000 j	pop.
Parks		
Day Use	0.80 acres per 1000 j	pop.
Community	0.2 acres per 1000 j	
Regional	1.31 acres per 1000 j	1
Natural Open Space	4.5 acres per 1000 j	
Special Use Areas	6.4 acres per 1000 j	pop.
Public Safety		
County Jail	1.46 beds per 1000 j	
Juvenile Detention	0.408 beds per 1000 j	
Senior Centers	98.4 sq. ft. per 1000 j	
Solid Waste	6.00 lbs. Per capita per	day

1 2 3 (3) Results of Concurrency Assessment.

.

(a) The Administrative Official shall present the Annual Concurrency Assessment to the Board of County Commissioners prior to the start of the annual budget

Proposed Bayview Ridge Subarea Development Standards April 2003

1		process along with recommendations on actions to take in response to the
2		assessment.
3	(b)	The results of the Annual Concurrency Assessment shall be used to update the
4		Capital Facilities Plan and establish the annual budget.
5	(c)	In the event that the Annual Concurrency Assessment determines that
6		concurrency is not being met for one or more Concurrency Facilities and
7		Services, the County shall, as necessary, evaluate the need for modifications to
8		adopted levels of service standards, reassess the land use element of the
9		Comprehensive Plan or impose additional requirements or limitations on
10		development until concurrency is obtained.

#### APPENDIX A Minimum Fire Flow Design Standards For New And Expanding Water Systems<sup>(1)</sup>

Land Use Designations Or Densities	Minimum Fire Flow (Gallons Per Minute)	Minimum Duration (Minutes)	Maximum Hydrant Spacing (Feet)
Urban Growth Areas <sup>(2)</sup>			
Industrial	1500 (4)	60	(3)
Commercial	1500 (4)	60	(3)
Multi-Family Residential	1500 (4)	60	500
Single-Family & Duplex Residential	1000	60	500
Non-Urban Growth Areas			
Commercial / Industrial	1500 (4)	60 <sup>(4)</sup>	(4)
1 Dwelling Unit Per Lot Less Than 2.5 Acres	500 <sup>(5)</sup>	30 (5)	900 (5)
1 Dwelling Unit Per Lot 2.5 Acres Or Larger	NONE (5)	NONE (5)	NONE (5), (6)
Natural Resource Lands	NONE (5)	NONE (5)	(5), (6)

(1) The design standards may be amended to reflect changes to Comprehensive Plan land use designations and/or their densities. Proposed amendments will be presented to the Skagit County CWSP WUCC for approval.

(2) These criteria establish a minimum water system design standard. Each water system in an urban growth area must comply with the standards of the local government with jurisdiction. When there are different or conflicting standards, the most stringent standard shall apply. Prior to the issuance of a development permit, the approving authority shall establish fire flow, duration and hydrant spacing requirements.

(3) As determined by the appropriate fire official.

(4) Fire flow for individual buildings or groups of buildings is to be determined by the Skagit County Fire Marshal per Uniform Fire Code Appendix IIIA and the Skagit County Fire Marshal policy on fire flow. The application of lesser or alternative standards shall be in accordance with Section 4.3.5 (Interpretation of Standards).

(5) Fire flow will be required for a Conservation and Reserve Development (CaRD) land division as follows.

CaRD				
Characteristics	Fire Flow Requirement			
5 or more lots	Option 1: Fire flow of 500 gpm for 30 minutes with hydrant spacing of 900 ft. or,			
	Option 2: Fire Marshal approved fire prevention water system that provides adequate pressure and flow to support NFPA 13D sprinkler systems is required for all residential dwellings. In addition, if the property is located in an Industrial Forest, Secondary Forest, or Rural Resource designated land the fire protection requirements as listed in Skagit County Code 14.16.850 (6)(b)(iii)(b-e) also apply.			
4 or fewer lots	None required, unless the property is located in an Industrial Forest, Secondary Forest, or Rural Resource designated land. If the property is located in such designated land the fire protection requirements as listed in Skagit County Code 14.16.850 (6)(b)(iii)(b-e) apply. However, NFPA 13D sprinklers are only applicable to residential dwellings.			

As of the effective date of the CWSP, where in-fill development or extension of an existing water system occurs to serve an existing platted lot, the Skagit County Fire Marshal may limit the requirement for fire flow or fire suppression in accordance with Table 4-1 to the newly developed lot only. Group B public systems may choose to separate the fire flow from water flow. Separate tank and hydrant(s) location is subject to Skagit County Fire Marshal approval.

(6) Hydrants shall be installed when water lines are installed or replaced and are capable of supplying a tanker truck with a minimum of 500 gallons per minute at a minimum residual pressure of 20 psi. Tanker truck filling hydrants are to be located at major roadway intersections and along roads at a spacing not to exceed 1 mile to assist in fire protection.

Proposed Bayview Ridge Subarea Development Standards April 2003