#### SKAGIT COUNTY Resolution # R20230118 Page 1 of 20

#### A Resolution Approving Bylaws for the Skagit County Planning Commission

Whereas the Board of County Commissioners established the Skagit County Planning Commission by Resolution No. 3078 on July 24, 1961;

Whereas the bylaws of the Planning Commission have been amended several times since, most recently by Resolution R20090532 in December 2009;

Whereas updates to county code, state law, and common practice necessitate corresponding updates to the bylaws;

Whereas the Skagit County Planning Commission, with the assistance of legal counsel, deliberated approved the attached bylaws at its April 25, 2023, meeting;

Whereas Skagit County Code 14.02.080(6) allows the Planning Commission to adopt procedural rules, but such rules do not take effect until reviewed and approved by the Board of County Commissioners:

Now Therefore Be it Resolved that the Board of County Commissioners rescinds Resolution 20090532, approves the attached Bylaws of the Skagit County Planning Commission, and also sets forth its signatures on bylaws page 13.

Approved this <u>12</u> day of June 2023

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS SKAGIT COUNTY, WASHINGTON



# ABSENT

Ron Wesen, Chair

Lisa Janicki, Commissioner

Peter Browning Commissioner

Attest:

Planning Commission Bylaws

NEINS Clerk of the Board

Recommended:

Department Head

Approved as to form:

Deputy Prosecuting Attorney

# BYLAWS OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION COUNTY OF SKAGIT, WASHINGTON <u>April 25, 2023</u>

#### **ARTICLE I - NAME**

The name of this organization shall be "Skagit County Planning Commission," or for the purposes of this document, hereinafter referred to as the "Planning Commission."

#### **ARTICLE II - AUTHORIZATION AND PURPOSE**

The Planning Commission was created under the authority of RCW 36.70.040 by Resolution No. 3078, adopted by the Board of County Commissioners on July 24, 1961. The powers and duties of the Planning Commission shall be as expressed in the Planning Enabling Act, RCW 36.70, as now exists or hereafter amended (SCC 14.02.080(5)). Pursuant to RCW 36.70.040, the Planning Commission:

Shall assist the planning department in carrying out its duties, including assistance in the preparation and execution of the comprehensive plan and recommendations to the department for the adoption of official controls and/or amendments thereto. To this end, the planning commission shall conduct such hearings as are required by this chapter and shall make findings and conclusions therefrom which shall be transmitted to the department which shall transmit the same on to the board with such comments and recommendations it deems necessary.

To this end, the Planning Commission shall work to promote the long term interests of the county.

#### **ARTICLE III - GENERAL RULES**

General rules regarding membership, term of office, vacancies, removal, organization, meetings, powers and duties, shall be in accordance with SCC 14.02.080 and 14.08.080.

#### **ARTICLE IV - ORGANIZATION, OFFICERS AND DUTIES**

#### Section 1 - General

The Planning Commission shall elect a Chair and Vice Chair from among its membership, at the first regular meeting of each calendar year. Officers shall be eligible for re-election. Vacancies in unexpired terms of office shall be elected at the first regular meeting following announcement of the vacancy.

#### Section 2 - Chair

The Chair shall preside at all meetings of the Planning Commission, enforce the rules of procedure, and execute the will of the Commission. More specifically:

- 1. The Chair shall appoint all sub-committees.
- 2. The Chair shall authenticate by his or her signature, when necessary, all acts, orders, and proceedings of the Planning Commission.
- 3. To declare the meeting adjourned when the Planning Commission so votes or where applicable at the time prescribed in the program, or at any time in the event of a sudden emergency affecting the safety of those present.
- 4. To enforce the rules relating to debate and those relating to order and decorum within the Planning Commission. Formal disciplinary procedures should be reserved for serious or potentially serious situations and should be handled properly and tactfully. Prior to initiating any formal disciplinary procedure, the Chair, accompanied by another member, will discuss discreetly and informally with the offending member in an effort to reach a satisfactory resolution. If a satisfactory resolution cannot be reached, the Chair will forward the matter to the Director of Planning and Development Services and the Chair of the Board of County Commissioners.

#### Section 3 - Vice Chair

The Vice Chair shall assist the Chair and during his/her absence act as Chair until the Chair is able to resume his/her duties.

#### **Section 4 - Recording Secretary**

The Director of the Planning and Development Services Department or his/her designee shall serve as Secretary. The Secretary shall:

- a. maintain the Planning Commission calendar, agenda, public notices and attendance records;
- b. notify Planning Commission members of regular meetings, special meetings, and schedule changes;
- c. keep minutes;
- d. create an electronic recording of all meetings and hearings and create a transcript (when appropriate) in order to maintain an adequate record of proceedings, collect and number exhibits;
- e. provide to the Planning Commission proposed legislation, staff reports (with findings, conclusions, and recommendations), pre-hearing correspondence, draft recorded motions, and all documentation necessary for an adequate record and an informed decision or recommendation. Such materials shall be transmitted to the Planning Commission at the same time as they are made available to the public;
- f. provide quasi-judicial, site-specific rezones to the Planning Commission and the appropriate criteria from which evidence and testimony in the record should be evaluated.

- g. record the Planning Commission's findings of fact, motions, and votes and preparing draft recorded motions for review by the Planning Commission members prior to final approval by the Chair;
- h. submit the approved plan, plan amendment or development regulation recommendation, together with the recorded motion to the Board not later than 14 days following the date the recorded motion is signed by the chairperson of the Commission, together with the statement of findings and conclusions, with such comments and recommendations it deems necessary.
- i. notify the Planning Commission members of the proposed schedule for consideration of approved recorded motions by the Board of County Commissioners;
- j. provide Planning Commission members copies of Board of County Commissioners recorded motions, ordinances and resolutions on matters previously before or relating to the Planning Commission.
- k. Make relevant training opportunities available to Planning Commission no less than annually.
- 1. The Secretary of the Planning Commission or their designee, in consultation with the Chairperson, shall set the agenda for any given meeting. No subject matter shall be placed on the agenda for action at any given meeting which is not a part of the adopted work plan from the Board of County Commissioners. The Chairperson may, however, place housekeeping and non-action items on the agenda.

#### Section 5 - Chair Pro-Tem

In the absence of the Chair and Vice-Chair, a Chair pro-tern shall be elected informally by the members present to conduct the meeting.

#### Section 6 – Legal Advisor

The Prosecuting Attorney, or their designee, is the sole legal advisor for the Planning Commission. The Prosecuting Attorney duties include preparing memoranda of law as requested, and reviewing drafts of ordinances, resolutions, and by-laws.

#### **ARTICLE V - MEETINGS**

#### Section 1 - Rules of Procedure

Meetings of the Planning Commission shall be conducted according to the Simplified Rules of Procedure, attached as Appendix A. Procedural disputes shall be settled by current Robert's Rules of Order.

#### Section 2 - Quorum

A quorum shall consist of a simple majority of the membership of the entire Planning Commission. In the absence of a quorum, no action shall be taken, except to adjourn the meeting

Planning Commission Bylaws

to a subsequent date, place and time, unless the lack of a quorum occurs due to challenges made under the Appearance of Fairness Doctrine. Pursuant to RCW 42.36.090, in the event challenges would make a quorum impossible, those challenged members may return to their seats and participate fully in the debate or decision, provided that the member fully discloses the reason for his/her disqualification before the Planning Commission renders a decision. Electronic participation in a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting, and that presence shall count toward a quorum of the Commission for all purposes.

#### Section 3 - Voting

Each member is entitled to cast one vote. Pursuant to RCW 36.70.400 and .600, recommendations on any official control, development regulation, comprehensive plan, or amendments thereto shall be by an affirmative roll call vote of not less than a majority of the total members of the Planning Commission, not simply a majority of the quorum. Pursuant to the Washington State Open Public Meetings Act, all votes must be public.

#### **Section 4 - Regular Meetings**

Unless otherwise stated in a public notice, all meetings shall be held in the Commissioners Hearing Room of the County Administration Building, 1800 Continental Place, Mount Vernon, WA. Not less than one regular meeting shall be held each month unless no matters are pending on the Commission calendar (SCC 14.02.080(4)). Meetings shall commence promptly at 6:00 p.m. A meeting may be lengthened or adjourned with approval of the Commission a motion and second. Meeting schedule will be posted annually no later than the first business day of the new year, and no less than two weeks prior to any regular meeting.

Electronic Participation: Remote access to meetings by individual members is allowed periodically. Access shall be through technology available at the meeting location that enables all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously. Members who wish to participate in such a meeting must notify Staff before the scheduled start time for the meeting, allowing adequate time for Staff to make necessary preparations. Electronic participation in meetings shall not be used on a regular basis; it should be used to accommodate special needs of the Commission as may be determined by the Chair or to accommodate members whose physical presence at the meeting is prevented due to prior obligations, personal illness or disability, a family or other emergency, or unforeseen circumstances.

#### Section 5 - Special and Emergency Meetings

The presiding officer, or a majority of members, or the Director of Planning and Development Services, may call a special meeting in accordance with RCW 42.30.080. Discussion and action during special meetings is limited to items indicated on the agenda. The notice requirements of this section may be dispensed with in the event a special meeting is called to deal with an emergency pursuant to RCW 42.30.080.

In the case of an emergency, the Planning Commission may hold electronic meetings of the entire membership. These meetings shall provide access to the public and comply fully with the Open Public Meetings Act.

# Section 6 – Joint Meetings of the Planning Commission and the Board of County Commissioners

The Planning Commission shall request to meet with Board of County Commissions at least once annually. Annual or semi-annual meetings should be considered to review the Planning Commission's work program.

#### Section 7 - Adjournments and Continuances

Any regular meeting, special meeting, or public hearing may be adjourned to a specified time and place in accordance with RCW 42.30.080.

#### Section 8 – Training

Planning Commission members must complete training requirements on the Open Public Meetings Act within 90 days of assuming office or taking the oath of office. Additional training in land use planning, the Growth Management Act, and similar state planning laws is encouraged. Renewal of Open Public Meetings Act training shall occur in intervals of no less than four years.

These Bylaws shall be sent electronically to new Planning Commission members within seven days of appointment by the Recording Secretary.

#### Section 9 – Attendance

Planning Commission members will strive to attend all regular and special meetings. If unable to attend, the Planning Commission member will notify the Planning & Development Services and/or the Chair as soon as possible prior to the meeting. Three consecutive absences, except in the case of sudden illness or other unforeseen hardship, in any calendar year by any member obligates the Chair to notify the Board of County Commissioners of a potential vacancy.

#### Section 10 – Public Remarks

Opportunity for public participation at Planning Commission meetings is encouraged. An opportunity for public comment will be provided at or before every regular meeting where final action is taken. A public remarks agenda item may be added to the agenda once a month or more frequently. This time on the agenda is an opportunity for anyone to speak to the Planning Commission about any topic except items scheduled on the agenda for a public hearing that same day, or items that have had a public hearing and are still under Planning Commission deliberation. Public Remarks, which is not part of the formal public participation process for any development regulation or comprehensive plan amendment project, is limited to three minutes per speaker and up to fifteen minutes total, or as allowed by the Chairperson.

#### Section 11 – Public Media Statements

No release to the public or media on behalf of the Planning Commission shall be made without approval of the Planning Commission Chair or by vote of the Planning Commission.

#### **ARTICLE VI - COMMITTEES**

The Chair may appoint from among the members of the Planning Commission whatever committees are deemed necessary. The Chair shall appoint committee chairpersons as appropriate and may dissolve any such committees. To ensure compliance with the Open Public Meetings Act, no committee may include a quorum of the Planning Commission.

### **ARTICLE VII - ETHICS AND RULES OF CONDUCT**

#### Section 1 - Statement of Ethical Principles

- A. A Planning Commissioner shall serve the public interest, and shall do so by:
  - 1. Recognizing the rights of citizens to participate in planning decisions
  - 2. Giving citizens full, clear, and accurate information;
  - 3. Assisting in the clarification of community goals;
  - 4. Ensuring that information available to decision makers is also available to the public; and
  - 5. Paying special attention to the interrelatedness of decisions and the long-range consequences of present actions.
- B. A Planning Commissioner shall have high standards of integrity and proficiency, and shall do so by:
  - 1. Exercising fair, independent, and honest judgment;
  - 2. Publicly disclosing any financial or otherwise beneficial interest in any matter that comes before the Commission;
  - 3. Disclosing any real or seeming conflict of one's private interests and one's public duties;
  - 4. Neither seeking nor accepting any gifts or favors.
  - 5. Abstaining from participating as an advisor or decision maker on any plan or project in which you have previously participated as an advocate except as part of your duties as a Planning Commissioner.
  - 6. Not participating as an advocate on any plan or program in which you have previously served as an advisor or decision maker except after full disclosure and in no circumstance earlier than one year following termination of the role as advisory or decision maker;
  - 7. Promoting transparency of the Planning Commission's work, including by ensuring Planning Commission meetings are open to the public.

- 8. Not use nonpublic information to further a personal interest, nor disclose confidential information to any unauthorized person.
- 9. Not misrepresent facts or distort information.

10. Not participate in any matter unless prepared.

The above principles should be considered as binding on the members of the Planning Commission.

#### Section 2 – Conduct of the Members of the Planning Commission.

- 1. Members of the Planning Commission shall take such time as to prepare themselves for hearings and meetings and act according to Section 1.B.10 above.
- 2. A Planning Commission member with a conflict of interest in an item before the Commission must state that a conflict of interest exists and withdraw from participation in the public hearing, working session, emergency meeting, or regular meeting on that item. Article VII Sections 1.B.2, 1.B.3, 1.B.5, and 1.B.6 above also apply.
  - 1. The interests of that Planning Commission member may be represented before the Planning Commission by a specifically designated representative or legal agent at the public hearing or working session, and testimony entered into the public record.
  - 2. Participation of a Planning Commission member with a conflict of interest is cause for removal.

#### Section 3 – Censuring a Member

The censure of a member of a Planning Commission is a public statement condemning the member's inappropriate behavior with the hopes of reforming him or her so that he or she will not behave in the same way again, Members can be censured for unethical actions, including:

- 1. Misconduct at meetings.
- 2. Failing to follow proper procedures.
- 3. Disclosing nonpublic information. See Article VII Section 1.B.7 and 1.B.8 above.
- 4. Moral misconduct.
- 5. Absenteeism.
- 6. Lying.
- 7. Disloyalty.

- 8. Working against the Planning Commission, including the undermining of a decision of the Planning Commission.
- 9. Violating other values that the Planning Commission holds dear.

Censure is one way for the other members of the Planning Commission to avoid the appearance of agreement with the objectionable behavior of a fellow member. The presiding officer cannot censure a member of the Planning Commission for misbehavior, only the body can do so. The presiding officer can also be censured for not following parliamentary rules in meetings, and for denying members their basic rights to make motions, participate in debate, and vote.

#### Section 4 – Support for decisions of the Planning Commission.

Local governments and public bodies are different from private organizations. Under the First Amendment to the Constitution, elected officials, and citizen volunteers have the right to speak out when they hold a different view from the body. At the same time, they may not try to undermine the body's decision.

#### Section 5 - Quasi-judicial Actions

Planning Commissioners shall comply with the provisions below in addition to the Appearance of Fairness Doctrine articulated in RCW 42.36.

Pursuant to RCW 42.36.60, during the pendency of a quasi-judicial proceeding, members should avoid any outside communications about the proposal when all participants in the matter are not present. If a member has had communication with either proponents or opponents of the project during the pendency of the proceeding, the member shall make a public announcement of the content of the communication at each hearing and provide an opportunity for parties to rebut the substance of the communication.

#### Section 6 – All Actions

Any member of the commission who in his or her opinion has a financial or other beneficial interest in any matter before the Commission that would prejudice his or her actions shall so publicly indicate and shall step down, leave the hearing room, and refrain from voting and any manner of participation with respect to the matter in question so as to avoid any possible conflict of interest or violation of the appearance of fairness.

If a member of the Commission or his/her immediate family has a financial or other beneficial interest in the matter at hand but does not think this would prejudice his/her opinion the member should publicly disclose this interest on the record prior to the start of the hearing and allow persons to challenge his/her participation in the hearing. If so challenged, the member shall step down, leave the hearing room and refrain from voting and any manner of participation with respect to the matter in question. If not challenged the member may participate.

### **ARTICLE VIII - AMENDMENT OF BYLAWS**

The Planning Commission shall review its bylaws as needed. The initial draft of a proposed amendment must be provided to the Commission at least one meeting before adoption.

Any changes to bylaws require a majority vote of the Planning Commission members and approval by the Board of County Commissioners (SCC 14.02.080(6)).

These bylaws, upon approval by the Board of County Commissioners, repeal and supersede all previous bylaws.

ADOPTED ON APRIL 25, 2025 BY A MAJORITY VOTE OF THE SKAGIT COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION.

shko, Chair

Jack Moore, Secretary

WITNESS OUR HANDS THE SEAL OF THIS OFFICE Passed and Effective this <u>12</u> day of <u>JUNC</u>, 2023

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:

# ABSENT

Ron Wesen, Chair

Peter Brøwning, Commissioner

Lisa Janicki, Commissioner

ATTEST:

Clerk of the Board Skagit County Board of Commissioners

APPROVED AS TO CONTENT:

Jack Moore, Director Skagit County Planning & Development Service

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Jacon D' Avignon, Chief Civil Deputy Skagit County Prosecutor's Office

**Planning Commission Bylaws** 

# **APPENDIX A - SIMPLIFIED RULES OF PROCEDURE**

#### A. Intent

These procedures are adopted to provide the Chair with guidelines for conducting orderly public hearings and meetings. The Planning Commission reserves to the Chair the authority-to make reasonable changes or modify these guidelines to facilitate legitimate special needs and to promote a fair- and orderly proceeding.

In all matters of parliamentary procedure not specifically governed by these Bylaws or otherwise required by law, the current edition of Robert's Rules of Order (Newly Revised) shall apply.

#### B. Public Hearings (Legislative and Quasi-Judicial)

- 1. General Hearing Procedures
  - a. Chair declares the public hearing open.
  - b. Chair reads the following statement as a guideline, prepared by staff in advance:

The purpose of this public hearing is to [state purpose]. Everyone present will be given an opportunity to speak. However, if this hearing extends beyond [state hour], the hearing will be continued to a later date and time.

[For legislative hearings] Those of you who wish to provide public comment are asked to sign in on the speakers list so that you may have an opportunity to comment. Those who may not elect to sign in will nevertheless be given an opportunity to speak following those who have signed in.

Comments [may] will be limited to a [state time period].

Written comments are encouraged and will be received until the close of this public hearing.

[If applicable] A court reporter is present to record your comments. Before you testify, clearly state your name, spell your last name for the record, and indicate where you reside.

- c. Appearance of Fairness Issues (Quasi-Judicial hearings only)
  - i. Chair requests anyone who objects to the Chair's participation, or any other Planning Commission member's participation, to please state so now and give the reasons for objection.

- ii. Chair asks the Planning Commission members if any have an interest in the property or issue. Chair asks Planning Commission members if they can hear and consider this matter in a fair and objective manner.
- iii. Chair requests any Planning Commission member to place on record the substance of any communication each has had outside of the hearing with opponents or proponents on the issue to be heard. After the communication is placed on the record, the Chair should request whether any interested parties wish to rebut the substance of the communication.
- d. Chair requests staff to make its presentation (15-minute limit).
- e. [Follow procedures in subsection 2 or 3 below, as appropriate to the type of proceeding.]
- f. Chair declares the public hearing closed and thanks members of the public for their testimony.
- g. Planning Commission deliberates on the record, discussing findings of fact, conclusions, and recommendations (See "C Public Meetings" below). The Planning Commission may take all information under advisement and postpone deliberation until a later meeting, provided the meeting is properly adjourned.
- 2. For quasi-judicial hearings, or for legislative proposals of a site-specific nature, the procedures shall be as follows:
  - a. Following the staff presentation, the applicant or his/her representative is invited to comment. If there is an organized group of opponents to a proposal, then the representative of that group is also invited to comment. Notwithstanding subsections (e) and (f) below, the Chair may decide on the timing of cross-examination, depending on the circumstances of the particular hearing, and the availability of the expert witness.
  - b. Chair invites comments from citizens for and against the proposal.
  - c. The chair invites the applicant to rebut the opposition.
  - d. Additional comments from those against and those for the proposal should be recognized, if needed.
  - e. Cross-examination of experts and staff by representative of applicant or opponents.
  - f. Chair requests whether the Planning Commission members have questions of the applicant, citizens, or staff.
- 3. For legislative proposals that are not of a site-specific nature, the procedures shall be as follows:

**Planning Commission Bylaws** 

- a. Following the staff presentation, the chair invites comments in the order of names on a sign-up sheet.
- b. Chair invites comments from latecomers or others who may not have signed up.
- c. Chair requests whether the Planning Commission members have questions of citizens or staff.

#### C. Public Meetings

- 1. Order of Business
  - a. Call to order
  - b. Roll call (optional. In any case, Secretary records attendance)
  - c. Approval of minutes of last meeting, if applicable
  - d. Officers and Committee reports, if applicable
  - e. Special orders Important business previously designated for consideration at this meeting
  - f. Unfinished business
  - g. New business
  - h. Announcements
  - i. Adjournment
- 2. Process
  - a. Before Deliberations
    - i. The Planning Commission should not begin deliberation on matters before them until the Chair calls for a motion. However, the Chair may allow Planning Commission members to seek additional information or clarification on a matter before them prior to opening debate on such matter.
    - ii. Before making a motion, a Planning Commission member must request to obtain the floor from, and be recognized by, the Chair.
    - iii. Absent a second on any motion, the motion is lost, without any further discussion.

- b. Deliberations
  - i. After a motion is made and seconded, the Chair repeats the motion and calls for discussion on the motion. The Chair may set a time limit for discussion at his/her discretion.
  - ii. The Planning Commission member making a motion is always allowed to speak first.
  - iii. All comments and debate must be directed to the Chair.
  - iv. The Planning Commission member making a motion may speak again only after other speakers have finished, unless called upon by the Chair.
- c. Voting
  - i. If there is no more discussion, the Chair asks if the Planning Commission is ready to vote. Alternatively, a Planning Commission member may move to end debate and call for a vote (call the question).
  - ii. Voting may be by roll call or voice vote.
  - iii. When a motion is not likely to be opposed, a motion may pass by general consent. The Chair says, "if there is no objection..." The membership shows agreement by their silence. However, if there is an objection, the item must be put to a vote.
- d. Types of Motions

The following is a list of the various types of motions, and their use.

- i. Main Motion: The formal proposal for consideration and action. A main motion cannot be made when any other motion is on the floor, and yields to privileged, subsidiary, and incidental motions.
- ii. Subsidiary Motions: Their purpose is to change or affect how a main motion is handled. These motions are voted on before a main motion. Examples are:
  - Motion to Amend: Used to suggest an addition or revision to the main motion.
  - Motion to Divide the Question: Breaks the motion on the floor into two parts, in a manner suggested by the mover.
  - Motion to Refer to Committee: Applies only to the main motion. The Chair may appoint committees pursuant to Article VIII above.
  - Motion to Extend Debate: Can be general, or for a specific time or number of speakers. Not debatable.

Planning Commission Bylaws

- Motion to End Debate and Vote or Call the Question: Applies only to the motion on the floor. Not debatable.
- iii. Privileged Motions: Their purpose is to bring up important or urgent matters or needs, such as a motion to recess or adjourn. Not debatable.
- iv. Incidental Motions: Their purpose is to provide a means of questioning procedure concerning other motions and must be considered before any other business is taken up. Some examples are:
  - Motion to Suspend the Rules: Suspends the formal process for dealing with a specific question (such as time limits, motions, etc.) Debatable.
  - Motion to Appeal Chair's Decision: Allows the Planning Commission to overrule a decision made by the Chair. Not debatable.
  - Point of Order: A question about a process, or objection and suggestion of alternative process. May include a request for the Chair to rule on process.
  - Point of Information: A request for information on a specific question, either about process or about the content of a motion. May not be used to obtain the floor for debate.
- 3. Other Meeting Guidelines
  - a. When a topic is first introduced or a main motion is made, the Chair should allow all questions for information purposes to be asked before opening to debate.
  - b. **Discourage the repetition of arguments.** The Chair should attempt to call on people who have not yet spoken before those who have already spoken. The Chair should also discourage dialogues that start up between two individuals in debate.
  - c. If debate carries on too long, the Chair should impose time limits on speakers.
  - d. **Do not speak in jargon, initials or acronyms** unless all present are familiar with common terms, avoid such usage.
  - e. **Be respectful.** Differences of opinion are inevitable. It is up to each Planning Commission member to balance the needs of his/her constituents with the needs of the community as a whole. Agree to disagree. Lose gracefully. Win honorably.
  - f. **Be prepared.** Read staff reports and other materials provided before coming to a meeting. Ask questions of each other or staff in advance to avoid spending meeting time becoming familiar with the issue being addressed.
  - g. **Be objective.** Planning Commission members must be able to distinguish between fact and opinion, and to support decisions based on facts, regardless of personal opinion.

**Planning Commission Bylaws** 

h. **Speak in turn.** Public proceedings are recorded. Speaking out of turn may prevent someone's testimony or comments from being recorded, which may unfairly exclude such testimony or comments from the record. Planning Commission members and staff must speak directly into the microphone, and only when in turn, as granted by the Chair.

# **EXHIBIT B**

## Skagit County Planning Commission's Recorded Motion Regarding the Proposed Amendments to the Planning Commission Bylaws

Proposal publish date:	April 20, 2023		
Proposal name:	Proposed Amendments to the Planning Commission Bylaws		
Documents available at:	www.skagitcounty.net/Departments/PlanningCommission/PCminutes.htm		
PC deliberations:	Tuesday, April 25, 2023		

The Planning Commission enters the following findings of fact, reasons for action, and recommendations to the Board of County Commissioners.

#### **Findings of Fact and Reasons for Action**

- 1. The bylaws have not been changed since 2009 and required a thorough review by current Planning Commission members.
- 2. The bylaws were out of date by current state law and Robert's Rules.

#### Recommendation

The Planning Commission recommends that the Board of County Commissioners **approve** the proposal.

#### This recorded motion approved April 25, 2023:

Commission Vote	Support	Oppose	Absent	Abstain
Tim Raschko, Chair	x			
Tammy Candler, Vice Chair	x			
Kathy Mitchell	x			
Vince Henley	x			
Mark Knutzen	x			
Amy Hughes	x			
Martha Rose			x	
Joe Woodmansee	x			
Jennifer Hutchison	x			
Total	8	0	1	0

Planning Commission Recorded Motion Proposed Amendments to the Planning Commission Bylaws April 25, 2023 page 1

#### SKAGIT COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION SKAGIT COUNTY, WASHINGTON

chko, Chair

4-25-23 \_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Jack Moore, Secretary

1-25-2.3

Date

Planning Commission Recorded Motion Proposed Amendments to the Planning Commission Bylaws April 25, 2023

page 2