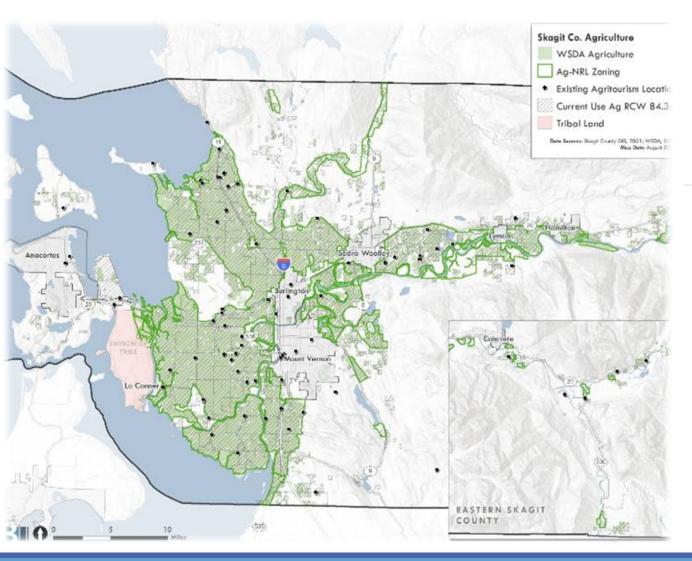
## Agritourism Policy Concepts Options

PLANNING COMMISSION

MAY 10, 2022



### Current Agritourism

Common agritourism activities in Skagit County:

- Events, roadside stands, u-pick, accommodations, wine tasting
- Around 70+ operations
- Requests for: food service, weddings, temporary events

### Today's Discussion



#### **Skagit County Policy Concepts**

Agritourism Intent, Scale and Use Options | March 15, 2022

Overview	
Types of Agritourism Analyzed	
Agritourism Code Amendment Options	7
Next Steps	
Part 1. Agritourism Uses and Scale	
Farm Stands	
U-Pick and Farm Tours	
Farm Stays	
Weddings	
Tasting Rooms, Restaurants	
Seasonal Events – Festivals, Farm to Table	
Part 2. Agritourism Options	
Current Code Option	

#### www.Skagitcounty.net/SkagitAGt

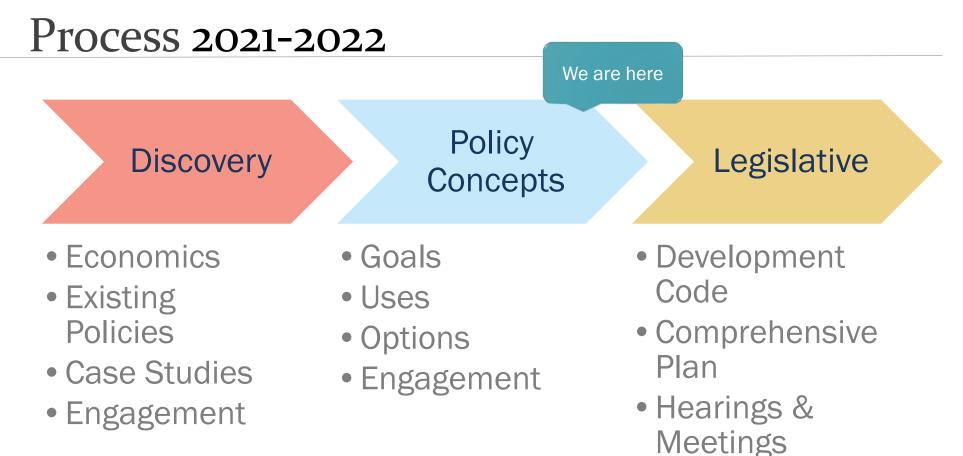




Implementation Options









## Policy Goals



•Clearly define agritourism uses

- Clear and consistent standards
- Identify relationship to on-site agriculture
- Consistency with our
  Comprehensive Plan Policies and
  GMA

Goals for the agritourism code options include the following. How important is each goal to you? (n=222) *Agritourism should...* 

20% 40% 60% 80% 100% 0% Promote rural character. 97 Relate to onsite agricultural 10065 use. Ensure adequate water, 111 51 septic, and parking. Have clear rules, permits, 98 43 and enforcement. Be based on business 73 67 models, size, and capacity. Be clearly defined. 60 Q Not Important Somewhat Important Important Very Important Also scored high in meeting

Blue/teal = Very Important + Important Highest combo total at top



### Agritourism Uses

### Identify AGt Important to the Community

Focus on key activities following from assessment & engagement

- Farm stands
- •U-Pick
- Farm stays
- Tasting Rooms, Restaurants
- Weddings

 Seasonal Events – Festivals, Farm to Table, Farm Tours



### Scale & Intensity

Based on intensity consider appropriate location, scale, frequency, conditions, etc.

Understand Scale, Intensity, and Relationship to Agriculture and appropriate standards

#### **Typical Annual Visits Per Year**

500
2,000
2,080
520
11,304
6,000
13,000
2,600
20,000

Based on business models and available studies/data, or code parameters.

Consider relationship to AG, temporary or permanent nature, footprint, location, services, etc.



### Definitions

Examples:

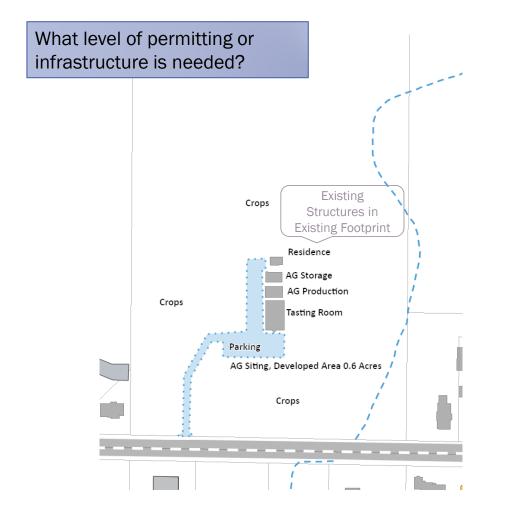
- **U-Pick Operation:** A farm or portion of it where customers harvest fruits, vegetables, flowers, or trees on their own.
- Farm Tour, Onsite: A visit offered at a farm, or farms, to show agricultural practices or products for business, pleasure, education, or instruction.

Define activities – what something is/isn't, help clarify permitting and enforcement



#### Size, Scale, Standards should be applied? Temporary Parking Temporary Farm Permanent Farm Moveable Roadside Stand Stand Stand Pervious Parking Large: Up to 5,000 SF Standard Small: <300 SF Parking

What are shapes and sizes of the activity? What requirements



#### Permit & Infrastructure Requirements

Land Use

**Critical Areas** 

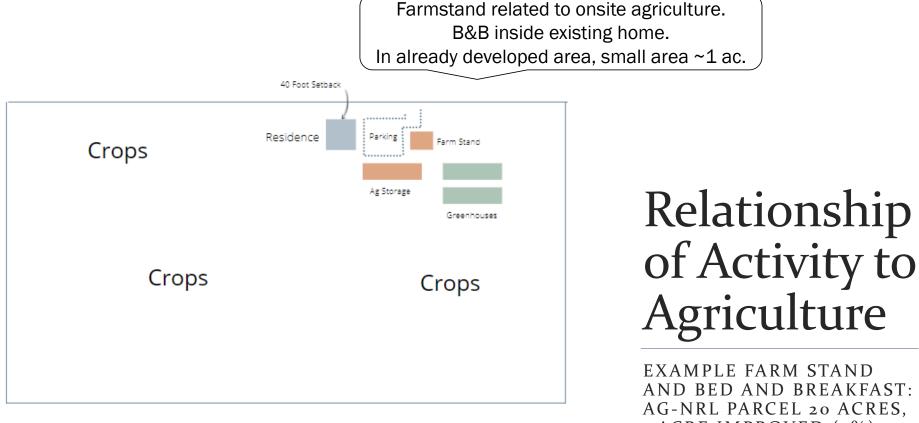
**Building & Fire Codes** 

Health Department

Public Works – access/parking, Stormwater

Potable Water

Septic



Consider how activity relates to agriculture. Be consistent with GMA and County policies.

1 ACRE IMPROVED (5%)

#### How can process be more transparent and effective?

### Code Enforcement

Clear definitions and rules

Programmatic Permit with defined period/owner for temporary or conditional uses

Complaint driven + staff resources

Self-Certification

Self – certification

For intensive uses or uses that could inadvertently evolve

- Adhere to code criteria and permit conditions
- Regular renewal



#### Farm Stands, U-Pick, Farm Tours & Seasonal Events

#### Examples: Allowed in most example counties

- Currently Allowed
- Not well defined
  - Address Definitions
- Permitting unclear especially if no permanent structures are involved
  - Consider what requires a permit
  - Consider best practices for parking size/type/location
- Low to moderate visitors
  - Seasonal events could be large, but temporary
- Direct Relationship to Ag
  - Seasonal events may be directly or indirectly related



#### Examples:

- Snohomish County: Allowed with B&B with CUP for 3-6 rooms
- Thurston County: Allowed, 3-8 rooms with winery/brewery. Ag home stay (temporary) allowed on min 10 acres with primary ag use, up to 16 guests.
   Maxion County, OB: Allowed with B&B with CUP.
- Marion County, OR: Allowed with B&B with CUP



- Definition
  - Bed and Breakfast
    - No specific definition for temporary farm stay, like Harvest Host
- Scale
  - Permanent B&B 1 per farm, up to 5 bedrooms. Must be in existing home.
  - About 520 visitors approximately (5 x 2 x 52)
- Infrastructure/Permits
  - Land Use: Required special use permit; parking required.
    - Directly address temporary; clarify RV standards.
  - Building/Fire: Permit for construction
- Relationship to Ag
  - Indirect









## Tasting Rooms, Restaurants

- Definition
  - Skagit County does not define restaurants or wineries, breweries, or tasting rooms.
- Scale
  - Up to 3,500 square feet
  - Nearly 925 visitors per month for tasting rooms or 11,300 per year
- Infrastructure/Permits
  - Land Use: Permit required for use, parking, stormwater
  - Building/Fire: Permit for construction
  - Health Department: Food
- Relationship to Ag
  - Potentially direct (e.g., serving food made from onsite products), potential for higher intensity

#### Examples:

- Snohomish County: Not in Ag or Rural Res zones
- Thurston County: Allow small scale wineries/breweries in Ag and Rural and Restaurants only in Rural Overlay, min 10 ac
- Clark County WA/ Marion County, OR: Allow tasting rooms if certain acreage cultivated onsite for wine







#### Examples:

- Snohomish County: Allowed in existing buildings, footprint limited
- Thurston County: Allowed, temporary with breweries/wineries
- Spokane County: Allowed temporary, limited hours, max events
- Marion County, OR: Not allowed

## Weddings

- Definition
  - $\,\circ\,$  Not currently defined or allowed in most zones.
- Scale
  - Size depending on barn/outdoor area
  - Average 250 guests, and if temporary about 6,000 visitors per year (24 events) or 13,000 if permanent
- Infrastructure/Permits
  - Land Use: If allowed, permit required for use, parking, stormwater
  - Building/Fire/Flood: Permit for construction
  - Health Department: Food
- Relationship to Ag
  - Indirect if in barn, potential for higher intensity
  - Accessory use in AG primary use









### Hearings Board Cases

Growth Management Hearings Board cases in Spokane (temporary weddings) and King County (wineries, breweries, distilleries), emphasize

- Fit of the use to ensuring ongoing primary agricultural use and operation
- Fit of the use in existing buildings and developed areas of no more than 1 acre
- Application of compatibility measures that limit scale and frequency
- Past illegally established activities should not be part of a "baseline" for environmental review





### AGt Policy Options

Where / how should uses be allowed? Pros/Cons evaluation.

### Policy Options

No Action Option – Current Code

Option A – Accessory Agritourism

Option B – Agritourism Overlay

Option C – Rezone: Small Scale Recreation and Tourism



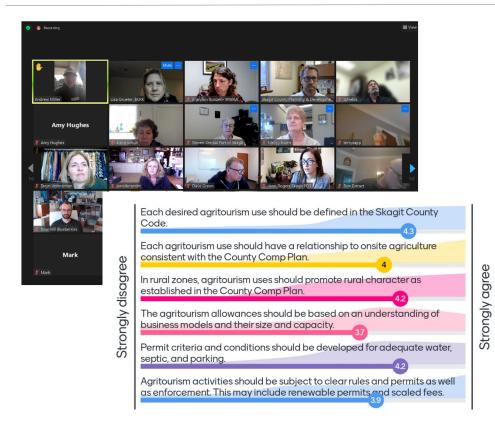
### Summary Allowances

#### AG-NRL, RRc-NRL, RRv

	Current	Option A - Accessory	Option B – Overlay	Option C – Rezone to SRT
Farm stands	Allowed	Continue with improved Definition/Process	Like Option A	Retail allowed
U-Pick	Allowed	Same as above	Like Option A	Same as above
Farm stays	Allowed B&B	B&B + Temp	Like Option A	Allows B&B
Tasting Rooms, Restaurants	Not Allowed	<b>Restaurant:</b> Accessory, no seating, with farm stands <b>Tasting:</b> HEX Use	Restaurant: Accessory, to farm, small seating with produce of 10 ac Tasting: Size 3,500-5000 SF with num of acres grown onsite. AD Special Use.	Allowed
Weddings	Not Allowed	Temporary only, in existing barn	In overlay, year-round with minimum size. HEX Special Use.	Services are allowed
Seasonal Events – Festivals, Farm to Table, Farm Tours	Allowed	Continue temporary permit, improve process	Like Option A	Allowed



### Input on Agritourism Uses & Options



Public Workshops 3/30 • 8:30 AM ~40

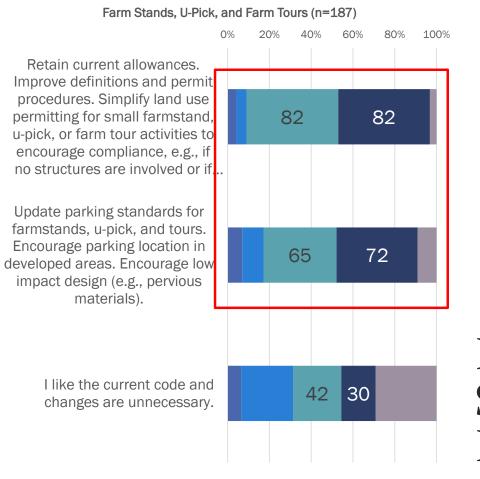
• 6 PM ~20

Online Survey ~223

**Other Meetings/Presentations** 

- Skagit County Agriculture Advisory Board
- Skagit County Tourism Promotion Area (TPA) Advisory Board





Strongly Disagree Disagree Agree Strongly Agree Unsure / No Opinion

Parking must be of low impact design. Pavement is a huge negative on our farmlands. We are not doing 1/ 40 if we also allow a paved farmstand area.

Farmstands, U-pick, and Farm Tours are a real advantage we have here in Skagit County. Encourage them! Do not tie up the applicants for permits...

#### Farmstands: Support Permit & Standard Improvements

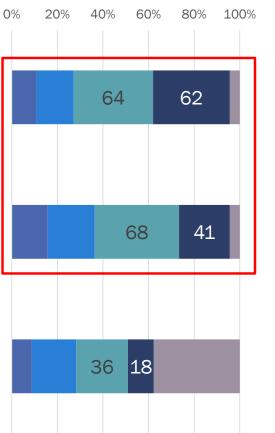


Allow temporary farm stays if operated to be low impact (such as no tents, no dumping of wastewater, parking area does not impact farm soils, etc.)

Allow temporary farm stays if there are limited days of visits (e.g., max stay of 30 days) and limited numbers of RVs (no more than 1-2 vehicles).

I like the current code and changes are unnecessary.

Strongly Disagree Disagree Agree Strongly Agree Unsure / No Opinion



I have concerns about farm stays in RV's, as it would be difficult to impossible to monitor how long people stay.

Maximum number of RVs should relate to size of property. Being able to generate rental income could help smaller farmers.

### Farm stays: Allow with Low-Impact Standards

Tasting Rooms, Restaurants (n=174)							
	0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%	
Option A: Accessory Uses. Ensure "permanent" agritourism uses are accessory and connected			78	3	45		
A-2. Allow small tasting rooms provided grapes/hops/fruit of at least 10 acres are				89	20		
A-1. Allow limited food service as a permitted accessory activity and no seating such as par				75	20		
B-2. Tasting rooms: Allow tasting rooms (3,500 5,000 square feet) if the operator grows	)-			64	10		
B-1. Food service: Food service must be accessory to working farm, with seating up to	o			62	11		
C-1. Allow rezones of parcels on a case by case message as Small Scale Recreation and	9			39	14		
I like the current code and changes are unnecessary.	9		29	20			
Option B: Overlay. In a defined area along major roads, separated from cities/villages, and				37 10			
Option C: Rezone	<u>.</u>			17 7	7		

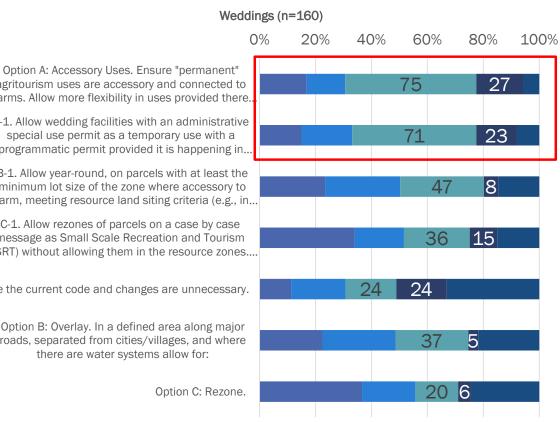
#### **Restaurants**/ Tasting Rooms: Allow small/accessory

Restaurants/tasting rooms: Why no seating? This is a nonstarter for our business.

What about making the allowances based upon existing infrastructure such has parking bathrooms and potable water.

...I think a restaurant is inappropriate for ag properties, but a small tasting room might fit well. Size of parcel should not limit eligibility.

■ Strongly Disagree ■ Disagree ■ Agree ■ Strongly Agree ■ Unsure / No Opinion



agritourism uses are accessory and connected to farms. Allow more flexibility in uses provided there..

A-1. Allow wedding facilities with an administrative special use permit as a temporary use with a programmatic permit provided it is happening in..

B-1. Allow year-round, on parcels with at least the minimum lot size of the zone where accessory to farm, meeting resource land siting criteria (e.g., in...

C-1. Allow rezones of parcels on a case by case message as Small Scale Recreation and Tourism (SRT) without allowing them in the resource zones....

I like the current code and changes are unnecessary.

Option B: Overlay. In a defined area along major roads, separated from cities/villages, and where there are water systems allow for:

Option C: Rezone.

■ Strongly Disagree ■ Disagree ■ Agree ■ Strongly Agree ■ Unsure / No Opinion

#### Weddings: Consider wedding facilities as an accessory use

Farms make beautiful venues for weddings and may help small farms afford to stay in operation.

The noise is the biggest impact that wedding venues have on the neighboring properties. There should be some time and noise level restrictions.

I think rezoning (for weddings and other agrotourism) could be allowed on a case by case basis, but only if there is a requirement to have the majority of the land still in ag production.

Permit Process and Criteria Improvements (n=149)

Create or update application forms to ensure that agritourism activities are well defined, and operators are aware of important criteria, such as ensuring the activity is accessory and supports onsite agriculture, or other... Exempt from land use permit review seasonal, low-intensity activities that do not require a building permit or permanent parking areas, e.g., U-pick with no other entertainment involved, and where the level of visitors is... Establish maximum parking stalls to avoid unnecessary pavement/ conversion for allowed agritourism uses. Define parking standards for agritourism uses that are undefined now.

Improve the clarity of agricultural activity siting criteria in resource zones (e.g., focus improvements to 1 acre, colocated near other structures, close to front property lines) and ensure it applies in all agricultural resource zones.

For temporary uses, or uses with high activity levels, provide a limited-term programmatic permit, e.g., 5 years that ensures that the use is well managed but does not necessarily continue with a new owner or is re-reviewed... After approval of a land use permit, require an annual selfcertification form where the operator certifies that all the use-specific requirements continue to be met. The County requires this of special uses in SCC 14.16.900(3), but it...

I like the current code and changes are unnecessary.

Strongly Disagree Disagree

Strongly Agree

Agree

#### Permit Process: Support for improvements

Annual self-certification seems an unnecessary burden. Every three years would suffice to attain goals.

Don't make it too complicated!

l do not want farmland land permanently lost due to rezoning.

Providing programmatic and well defined permits and codes will help ensure limited impacts on Commercial Agriculture.

PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

■ Unsure / No Opinion

### AAB – April 13<sup>th</sup> meeting

Agritourism activities accessory to agriculture that fit concepts, goals, and recommendations:

- Farm stands
- U-pick
- Farm tours
- Bed and breakfast hosting

Consider Size, Intensity, and Frequency

Non-agricultural accessory agritourism activities that do not fit concepts, goals, and recommendations:

- Tasting rooms, restaurants
- Weddings

Especially if permanent, yearround



### Early Ideas for Preferred Alternative

#### Farmstands ,U-Pick, Tours:

 Make permit & standard improvements

#### Farm stays:

 Allow with low-impact standards and limit number and size

#### Tasting Rooms:

 Allow limited size as accessory if there is on-site produce

#### Restaurants:

 Rural zone (RRv). Farm to table or relationship to agriculture. HEX.

#### Weddings: Develop options

- Temporary similar limit as Spokane County
- Permanent if in existing barn, 1acre, like Snohomish County



# Next Steps:

DEVELOP PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE (MAY-JUNE) PLANNING COMMISSION(JUNE – JULY)



#### SKAGIT COUNTY SKAGIT C

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