1	14.04.020	Definitions.	
2			
3	Accessory dwelling unit (ADU): a-separate living quarters located on the same lot and		
4	either detached from or included within a primary residence. (which may include kitchen		
5	and bathroom facilities) to a primary residence. No mobile/manufactured home or		
6	recreational vehicle shall be allowed as an accessory dwelling unit.; and such dwelling		
7		ubject to the requirements and conditions provided in Chapter 14.16 SCC.	
8			
9	Bed and brea	kfast: an owner-occupied and managed dwelling which is used to provide	
10	overnight guest lodging for compensation and which usually provides a morning meal,		
11	and/or may include facilities for banquets, weddings and similar small parties. Guest		
12	lodging may be in a separate structure from the main dwelling unless otherwise stated in		
13	SCC 14.16.		
14			
15	Campground	: an area of land developed for recreational use in temporary occupancy,	
16	10	nore tents and/or recreational vehicles.	
17			
18	CaRD lot: a	lot created through a CaRD land division either as a reduced size residential	
19		-residential open space lot.	
20		<u>i i i</u>	
21	Cluster: two	or more residential CaRD lots located immediately adjacent to each other	
22		ogether in one location on a parcel.	
23	<u>_</u>	<u> </u>	
24	Cluster pod:	a number of residential CaRD lots located immediately adjacent to each	
25	other and grou	uped together in one location on a parcel. The number of lots allowed in	
26		er pod is limited as outlined in SCC 14.18.330(2).	
27			
28	Conversion, a	agricultural land: Any activity that alters the landscape so as to preclude a	
29	parcel or a por	rtion of a parcel from the reasonable possibility of agricultural production.	
30		the construction of structures or infrastructure or any other alteration which	
31	would make a	gricultural production of a parcel or portion of a parcel technically or	
32	economically	infeasible. Locating structures within an existing developed area used as a	
33	home-site sha	ll not be considered conversion.	
34			
35	<u>Habitat enha</u>	ncement and/or restoration project: any project, including mitigation	
36	banks, private	projects or public projects, designed to create, restore and/or enhance	
37	<u>habitat for fisl</u>	n, birds and/or mammals and includes the alteration of the landscape by	
38	excavation or	sculpting of soil and/or the alteration of hydrology. This does not include	
39	required on-si	te mitigation projects associated with permitted development activities	
40	pursuant to SC	CC 14.24 or projects consisting exclusively of planting vegetation.	
41			
42		t of Record Ceertification: an administrative review process to where the	
43	Administrativ	e Official determines if that a lot(s) is a was legally created and eligible for	
44		nd/or whether the lot is eligible to be considered for development permits of	
45		he Applicant wishes, a determination whether the lot is eligible for	
46	residential or	nonresidential land uses.	

- 47
- 48 Lot clustering: the grouping together of reduced size residential lots so that each lot is 49 contiguous with at least 1 other lot. The land not included in the building lots shall 50 remain in non-residential use, such as open space, active recreation, preservation of 51 environmentally sensitive area, or natural resource lands. 52 53 Lot, corner: a lot situated at the intersection of 2 streets or roads. Both lot lines abutting 54 streets shall be deemed front lot lines. 55 56 Lot line, front: the boundary of a parcel adjacent to any street right-of-way, or when a 57 parcel is not contiguous to a street, including panhandle lots, a the boundary containing 58 the dedicated access designated by the applicant. Corner Llots and through lots may have 59 more than 1 front lot line. 60 61 Lot line, rear: the boundary of a parcel opposite the front lot line. In the case of a 62 triangular lot, it means a line 20 feet in length within the lot parallel to and at the 63 maximum distance from the front lot line. For lots having more than 1 front lot line, the 64 lot line opposite the boundary including the dedicated access shall be considered the rear 65 lot line. Corner and through lot lines shall be considered front lot lines for setback 66 purposes. 67 68 **Ongoing agriculture:** the continuation of any existing agricultural activity on Agricultural—Natural Resource lands or Rural Resource—Natural Resource lands, 69 70 including crop rotations; provided, however, that for lands in RRc-NRL that are subject 71 to the provisions of SCC 14.24.120, any property owner who applies for and receives 72 CaRD approval under SCC14.18.300 through 14.18.3320 shall, at the time of CaRD 73 approval, automatically be subject to the buffer requirements of SCC 14.24.530 and shall 74 no longer be subject to the provisions of SCC 14.24.120. Activities undertaken for the 75 first time after May 13, 1996, the date Skagit County adopted Ordinance 16156, the Critical Areas Ordinance, do not constitute "ongoing agriculture"; provided, that any 76 77 lands that were fallow on May 13, 1996, but had been in agricultural production within 5 78 years prior to May 13, 1996, shall be considered "ongoing agriculture" for purposes of 79 this definition. 80 81 **Park model trailer:** a type of a recreational vehicle that is primarily designed to provide 82 temporary living quarters for recreational, camping or seasonal use that is built on a 83 single chassis mounted on wheels, has a gross trailer area not exceeding 400 square feet 84 (13.75 square meters) in set up mode and is certified by the manufacturer as complying 85 with ANSI A119.5.
- 86

87 **Permit Center:** the prior name of Skagit County Planning and Development Services 88 Permit Center used prior to January 1, 2005.

89

90 **Seasonal roadside stand:** seasonal roadside stands small retail establishment accessory 91 to an actively-managed, ongoing agricultural operation dedicated exclusively to the sale

92 of agricultural products and agricultural promotional items. produced in Skagit County

93	and at least a <u>A majority portion</u> of the agricultural products must be grown on-site or be		
94	a product of the primary agricultural operation located in Skagit County. All nonfood		
95	agricultural promotional products shall be directly related to the agricultural operation		
96	and located solely within the stand. Signage is allowed per SCC 14.16.820.		
97			
98	Setback, front: a setback extending across the full width of the lot, at between the		
99	required depth, of-which shall be measured horizontally and at right angles from the front		
100	lot line to a line parallel thereto on the lot. Lots having more than 1 front lot line, as on		
101	corner and through lots, shall meet the required front setback for the front lot line that		
102	contains the dedicated access, all other front lot lines shall have a setback of 20 feet.		
103			
104	Setback, rear: a setback extending across the full width of the lot, at between the		
105	required depth, of-which shall be measured horizontally and at right angles from the rear		
106	lot line to a line parallel thereto on the lot.		
107			
108	Setback, side: a building setback extending along the full length of any side property		
109	line, at the required depth, which shall be measured at right angles from the lot lines to a		
110	line parallel thereto on the lot. requirement measured from the side property lines. In		
111	cases where the property adjoins a road so as to have 2 front property lines (one running		
112	horizontally and the other vertically as on a corner) the side opposite the dedicated access		
113	shall be deemed another side setback and the remaining side shall be deemed the side		
114	property line. On through lots having 2 front property lines, the property lines connecting		
115	the front property lines shall be considered the side property lines.		
116			
117	Structure: that which is built or constructed, an edifice or building of any kind, or any		
118	piece of work artificially built up or composed of parts joined together in some definite		
119	manner excluding fences under 6 feet in height.		
120			
121	Temporary: as the term relates to pre-manufactured or site built structures means;		
122	occupied and existing on a lot for no more than 180 days during any 12 month period		
123	unless otherwise stipulated through official approval.		
124			
125	Temporary outdoor events: Commercial use of a property for Aany musical, cultural,		
126	or social outdoors event held either indoors or out of doors. which occurs less than		
127	1month out of any 12-month period and which attracts 250 or more people in any 1 day.		
128			
129	Temporary manufactured home: a <u>the</u> temporary placement of a <u>1</u> manufactured home		
130	on a parcel with an existing residence to accommodate the housing needs of disabled or		
131	elderly family members or to house 1 farm worker and his/her immediate family.		
132	Documentation of the need for nearby care or that the nature of the employees work		
133	requires said employee to be immediately available to the job site is required by a doctor		
134	and/or physician or by the farm owner/lesseeoperator. This second temporary dwelling		
135	unit must be removed from the property when the family member or farm employee is no		
136	longer using the manufactured home.		