

Skagit County Auditor

\$87.00

7/18/2016 Page

1 of

14 10:13AM

HOMESTREET BANK 601 UNION STREET SUITE 2000

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98101

Attn.: Post Closing

Return To:

Loan No.: 0000762215

Assessor's Parcel or Account Number:

41350290030000 P114097

Abbreviated Legal Description:

LOTS 1, 2 & PTN 3, BLK 29, PLAT OF THE

TOWN OF MONTBORNE, VOL 2, P 80

See attached Exhibit "A" for full legal description

Grantor(s): CHARLES W LITZ III

APRIL M LITZ

Grantee(s):

HOMESTREET BANK.

Trustee:

OLD REPUBLIC NATIONAL

TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY

Reference No. of Related documents

Land Title and Escrow

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

# HOME EQUITY LINE OF CREDIT DEED OF TRUST

(Securing Future Advances)

NOTICE TO RECORDER: FOR PURPOSES OF ARTICLE 9 OF THE UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE (RCW 62A.9). THIS INSTRUMENT CONSTITUTES A SECURITY AGREEMENT AND FIXTURE FILING WITH BORROWER BEING THE DEBTOR AND LENDER BEING THE SECURED PARTY.

Borrower has established a line of credit ("Home Equity Line of Credit") with Lender as evidenced by Borrower's Home Equity Line of Credit Agreement and Promissory Note (the "Agreement") dated the same date as this Security Instrument, and all renewals, extensions, modifications, replacements and substitutions thereof (collectively, the "Agreement"). Lender has agreed to make advances to Borrower under the terms of the Agreement. Such advances shall be of a revolving nature and may be made, repaid and remade from time to time. Borrower and Lender contemplate a series of advances to be secured by this Security Instrument. The total outstanding principal balance owing at any one time under the Agreement (not including charges and collection costs which may be owing from time to time, and any advances made by Lender to protect its security) shall not exceed (U.S. \$95,000.00) plus interest thereon (the "Credit Limit"). That sum is referred to in the Agreement as the Credit Limit. The entire indebtedness under the Agreement, if not paid earlier, is due and payable on 08/01/2041 or on such later date as may

WASHINGTON-Home Equity Security Instrument

be permitted by Lender in writing, or at such earlier date in the event such indebtedness is accelerated in accordance with the terms of the Agreement and/or this Security Instrument.

This Security Instrument shall be effective as a UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE FINANCING STATEMENT FILED AS A FIXTURE FILING. For the purposes of this Security Instrument Borrower is deemed to be the "Debtor" and Lender is deemed to be the "Secured Party", as defined in the Uniform Commercial code.

#### DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 10, 12, 17, 19 and 20. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 15.

- (A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated July 12, 2016, together with all Riders to this document
- (B) "Borrower" is CHARLES LITZ AND APRIL LITZ, HUSBAND AND WIFE, whose address is 18240 WASHINGTON LANE, Mount Vernon, WASHINGTON 98274. Borrower is the trustor under this Security Instrument.
- (C) "Lender" is HOMESTREET BANK, a Washington State chartered bank. Lender is a Washington State chartered bank organized and existing under the laws of WASHINGTON. Lender's address is 601 UNION ST, SUITE 2000, SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98101-2326. Lender is the beneficiary under this Security Instrument.
- (D) "Trustee" is OLD REPUBLIC NATIONAL TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY Trustee's address is 111 E GEORGE HOPPER ROAD, BURLINGTON, WASHINGTON 98233.
- (E) "Agreement" means the Home Equity Line of Credit Agreement and Promissory Note signed by Borrower and dated July 12, 2016. The Agreement states that Lender has agreed to make advances to Borrower under the terms of the Agreement, such advances to be of a revolving nature. The total outstanding principal balance owing at one time under the Agreement (not including charges and collection costs which may be owing from time to time under the Agreement) shall not exceed the Credit Limit of Dollars Ninety Five Thousand And 00/100 Dollars (U.S. \$95,000.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than August 1, 2041.
- (F) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."
- (G) "Account" means the debt evidenced by the Agreement, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Agreement, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.
- (H) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

[ ]	Adjustable Rate Rider	[ ]	Condominium Rider	The second secon	Second Home Rider 1-4 Family Rider
[ ]	Balloon Rider	[ ]	Planned Unit Development Ride	er [/],	1-4 Family Rider
[ ]	VA Rider	[]	Biweekly Payment Rider	[ ]	Other(s) [specify]

- (I) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.
- (J) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.
- (K) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.
- (L) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.
- (M) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to or

destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in life of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

- (N) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.
- (O) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Agreement, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.
- (P) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (12 C.F.R. Part 1024), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.
- (Q) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Agreement and/or this Security Instrument.

## TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

This Security Instrument secures to Lender (a) the prompt repayment of the Account evidenced by the Agreement, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Agreement, with the interest thereon at the rate provided in the Agreement; (b) the payment of all other sums due under the Agreement, with interest thereon at the rate provided in the Agreement, (i) advanced to protect the security of this Security Instrument, (ii) incurred by Lender in connection with the enforcement of its rights under this Security Instrument and/or the Agreement, and/or (iii) required to be paid as set forth herein or in the Agreement; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and any prior mortgage or deed of trust. However, this Security Instrument does not secure any hazardous substances indemnity or guaranty

For this purpose, Borrower irrevocably grants and conveys to Trustee, in trust, with power of sale, the following described property located in the County [Type of Recording Jurisdiction] of SKAGIT [Name of Recording Jurisdiction]:

LEGAL DESCRIPTION ATTACHED AND INCORPORATED HEREIN BY THIS REFERENCE.

Property Tax ID Number: 41350290030000 P114097 which currently has the address of 18240 WASHINGTON LANE [Street] Mount Vernon [City], Washington [State] 98274 [Zip Code] ("Property Address"):

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the Property and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the Property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seised of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

WASHINGTON-Home Equity Security Instrument

- t. Payment of Principal, Interest and Other Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Agreement and if allowable under Applicable Law, any prepayment charges and late charges and other charges due under the Agreement. Payments due under the Agreement and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Agreement or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Agreement and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.
- 2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. If your loan account balance on a payment date is less than the minimum payment amount, you promise to pay only the loan account balance. You can pay off all or part of what you owe at any time. However, so long as you owe any amount you must continue to make your periodic minimum payment. The amounts you pay will be applied first to finance charges, then to principal, then to escrow (if applicable), and finally to any other charges that you owe. Your first payment will be due on the first payment date after you receive your first statement. All other payments are due on the payment dates described above. Your monthly payment cannot be made using an access check from the line of credit.

We may, if required or permitted by law, or in the event you fail to pay taxes or maintain required insurance on the property, require that you establish and fund on a monthly basis an escrow account with us for payment of taxes and/or insurance.

#### 3. Funds for Escrow Items.

[This section intentionally omitted]

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall perform all of Borrower's obligations under any mortgage, deed of trust, or other security agreement with a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument. Borrower shall pay when due, all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien other than a lien disclosed to Lender in Borrower's application or in any title report Lender obtained which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Agreement. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect.

Subject to Applicable Law, all insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee and Borrower further agrees to generally assign rights to insurance proceeds to the holder of the Agreement and the Account up to the amount of the outstanding Account balance. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee and

Borrower further agree to generally assign rights to insurance proceeds to the holder of the agreement and the Account, up to the amount of the outstanding Account balance.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened.

If Lender believes that Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 21 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Agreement or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Subject to the rights of any hold of a mortgage, deed of trust or other security agreement with a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Agreement, the Account or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

- 7. Borrower's Home Equity Line of Credit Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the home equity line of credit application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.
- 8. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which has or may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Lender believes that Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is leasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has or may attain priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorneys' fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankfuptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace on board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 8 Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 8.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 8 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument if allowed under Applicable Law. These amounts shall bear interest at the Agreement rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

9. Mortgage Insurance. Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Agreement) for certain losses it may incur if Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance.

If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect.

10. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. The Miscellaneous Proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any condemnation or other taking of the Property, or part thereof, or for conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender, subject to the terms of any mortgage, deed of trust or other security agreement with a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2

If Lender believes that the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

- 11. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.
  - 12. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and

agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Agreement (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Agreement without the co-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 17, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 19) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

13. Account Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, as allowed under Applicable Law., In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender shall have the authority to impose additional fees and charges to perform services requested by or on behalf of Borrower, or to otherwise administer and service the Agreement and the Account. The additional fees and charges may include administrative costs incurred by Lender and/or in reimbursement of payment made by Lender to third parties. Such fees and charges shall be secured by the Security Instrument up to the amount of the credit Limit and, unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, be payable, with interest, immediately following rewritten demand from Lender to Borrower requesting payment thereof, Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If either the Agreement or the Account is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Agreement and the Account exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Agreement or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment with any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Agreement). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower may have arising out of such overcharge.

- 14. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrower's unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument. Any notice provided for in this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower or Lender when given as provided in this paragraph.
- 15. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Agreement conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Agreement which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

- 16. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Agreement and of this Security Instrument.
- 17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower.

If all or any part of the Property or any interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 14 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

18. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) eleven days before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Agreement as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, as allowed under Applicable Law, and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender; (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, freasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 17.

19. Sale of Agreement/Account; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Agreement and Account, or a partial interest in the Agreement and the Account (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Agreement and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Agreement, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Agreement. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, if required under Applicable Law, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Agreement and the Account is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Agreement and the Account, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Agreement and the Account Agreement purchaser unless otherwise provided by the purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 14) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this section. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 21 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 17 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 19.

20. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 20: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental

protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spitting, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

21. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 17 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property at public auction at a date not less than 120 days in the future. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration, the right to bring a court action to assert the nonexistence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale, and any other matters required to be included in the notice by Applicable Law. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and/or any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence. The notice described herein may be given in the form of a statutory notice of default under the Washington Deed of Trust Act.

If Lender invokes the power of sale, Lender shall give written notice to Trustee of the occurrence of an event of default and of Lender's election to cause the Property to be sold. Trustee and Lender shall take such action regarding notice of sale and shall give such notices to Borrower and to other persons as Applicable Law may require. After the time required by Applicable Law and after publication of the notice of sale, Trustee, without demand on Borrower, shall sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale in one or more parcels and in any order Trustee determines. Trustee may postpone sale of the Property for a period or periods permitted by Applicable Law by public announcement at the time and place fixed in the notice of sale. Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee shall deliver to the purchaser Trustee's deed conveying the Property without any covenant or warranty, expressed or implied. The recitals in the Trustee's deed shall be prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements made therein. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale in the following order: (a) to all expenses of the sale, including, but not limited to, reasonable Trustee's and attorneys' fees; (b) to all sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it or to the clerk of the superior court of the county in which the sale took place.

22. Reconveyance. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall request Trustee to reconvey the Property and shall surrender this Security Instrument and all notes evidencing debt secured.

- by this Security Instrument to Trustee. Trustee shall reconvey the Property without warranty to the person or persons legally entitled to it. Such person or persons shall pay any recordation costs and the Trustee's fee for preparing the reconveyance.
- 23. Substitute Trustee. In accordance with Applicable Law, Lender may from time to time appoint a successor trustee to any Trustee appointed hereunder who has ceased to act. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor trustee shall succeed to all the title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herein and by Applicable Law.
  - 24. Use of Property. The Property is not used principally for agricultural purposes.
- 25. Attorneys' Fees. Lender shall be entitled to recover its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in any action or proceeding to construe or enforce any term of this Security Instrument. The term "attorneys' fees," whenever used in this Security Instrument, shall include without limitation attorneys' fees incurred by Lender in any bankruptcy proceeding or on appeal.

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### REQUEST FOR NOTICE OF DEFAULT AND FORECLOSURE UNDER SUPERIOR MORTGAGES OR DEEDS OF TRUST

Borrower and Lender request the holder of any mortgage, deed of trust or other encumbrance with a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument to give Notice to Lender, at Lender's address set forth on page two of this Security Instrument, of any default under the superior encumbrance and of any sale or other foreclosure action.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE SIGNING. THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT SHOULD BE READ CAREFULLY BECAUSE ONLY THOSE TERMS IN WRITING ARE ENFORCEABLE. NO OTHER TERMS OR ORAL PROMISES NOT CONTAINED IN THIS WRITTEN CONTRACT MAY BE LEGALLY ENFORCED. YOU MAY CHANGE THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT ONLY BY ANOTHER WRITTEN AGREEMENT.

### NOTICE TO CONSUMER

- 1. Do not sign this paper before you read it.
- 2. You are entitled to a copy of this paper.
- 3. You may prepay the unpaid balance at any time without penalty and may be entitled to receive a refund of unearned charges in accordance with the law.

ORAL AGREEMENTS OR ORAL COMMITMENTS TO LOAN MONEY EXTEND CREDIT, OR TO FORBEAR FROM ENFORCING REPAYMENT OF A DEBT ARE NOT ENFORCEABLE UNDER WASHINGTON LAW.



<b>&gt;</b>	
BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower acc	cepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security
Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrov	wer and recorded with it.
L TE	(Seal)
CHARLES W LITZ III	-Borrower
UpilM	(Seal)
APRII/M LITZ	-Borrower
STATE OF WASHINGTON	<b>s</b> s:
County of Skait	<b></b>
On this day personally appeared before	e me_CHARLES W LITZ III and APRIL M LITZ to me known to
be the individual(s) described in and who exe he/she/they signed the same as his/her/meir/f	recuted the within and foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that
mentioned.  GIVEN under my hand and official sea	al this 13th day of July 2016.
WE EKKE!	
NI MISSION ELECT	Notary Public in and for the State of Washington, residing at
NOTARY W	Mount Vernon
E of PUBLIC	My Appointment Expires on 10/10/2016
2 10-10-10	
HOMESTREET BANK MASS WASS	BRANDON WILLIAMS NMLS: 439752
REQUE	EST FOR RECONVEYANCE
To Trustee:	
The undersigned is the holder of the note or no	otes secured by this Deed of Trust. Said note or notes, together with
all other indebtedness secured by the Deed of I	Trust, have been paid in full. You are hereby directed to cancel said
note or notes and this Deed of Trust which are now held by you under this Deed of Trust to the	e delivered hereby, and to reconvey, without warranty, all the estate e person or persons legally entitled thereto.
Date:	-
WASHINGTON-Home Equity Security Instrument	Page 12 of 12

Exhibit "A"

LEGAL DESCRIPTION ATTACHED AND INCORPORATED HEREIN BY THIS REFERENCE.

## DESCRIPTION:

Lots 1, 2, and the Southeasterly 20 feet of Lot 3, Block 29, "PLAT OF THE TOWN OF MONTBORNE, SKAGIT COUNTY, WASHINGTON," as per plat recorded in Volume 2 of Plats, page 80, records of Skagit County, Washington,

EXCEPT the Southwesterly 7 feet thereof adjacent to the alley in Block 29.

Situate in the County of Skagit, State of Washington.