

After recording please return to:
GUILD MORTGAGE COMPANY - ATTN:
DMD

5898 COPLEY DRIVE
SAN DIEGO, CA 92111



201311260103

Skagit County Auditor
11/26/2013 Page

1 of 24 3:53PM
\$96.00

LAND TITLE OF SKAGIT COUNTY

147210-00

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

Loan No.: 138-2000754

MIN: 100019913820007541

DEED OF TRUST

Assessor's Property Tax Parcel or Account Number: 8082-000-009-0100

Abbreviated Legal Description: UNIT I-2, SOUTHFIELD P.U.R.D. & B.S.P. P128683 AF#200907240089

Full legal description located on page: 3

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated November 19, 2013, together with all Riders to this document.

(B) "Borrower" is BRANDY L. YOUNG, A SINGLE WOMAN. Borrower is the trustor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is GUILD MORTGAGE COMPANY, A CALIFORNIA CORPORATION. Lender is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of CALIFORNIA. Lender's address is 5898 COPLEY DRIVE, SAN DIEGO, CA 92111.

(D) "Trustee" is FIDELITY NATIONAL TITLE COMPANY OF WASHINGTON, A WASHINGTON CORPORATION.

(E) "MERS" is Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. MERS is a separate corporation that is acting solely as a nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns. MERS is the beneficiary under this Security Instrument. MERS is organized and existing under the laws of Delaware, and has an address and telephone number of P.O. Box 2026, Flint, MI 48501-2026, tel. (888) 679-MERS.

(F) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated November 19, 2013. The Note states that Borrower owes Lender One Hundred Thirteen Thousand Two Hundred Eighty and 00/100ths Dollars (U.S. \$113,280.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than December 1, 2043.



* 1 3 8 - 2 0 0 0 7 5 4 *

(G) **"Property"** means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(H) **"Loan"** means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(I) **"Riders"** means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

- | | | |
|--|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Rate Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Condominium Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Second Home Rider |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Balloon Rider | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Planned Unit Development Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Biweekly Payment Rider |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1-4 Family Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Revocable Trust Rider | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other(s) [specify] | | |

(J) **"Applicable Law"** means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

(K) **"Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments"** means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.

(L) **"Electronic Funds Transfer"** means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

(M) **"Escrow Items"** means those items that are described in Section 3.

(N) **"Miscellaneous Proceeds"** means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

(O) **"Mortgage Insurance"** means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(P) **"Periodic Payment"** means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.

(Q) **"RESPA"** means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (12 C.F.R. Part 1024), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

(R) **"Successor in Interest of Borrower"** means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.



TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

The beneficiary of this Security Instrument is MERS (solely as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) and the successors and assigns of MERS. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower irrevocably grants and conveys to Trustee, in trust, with power of sale, the following described property located in the

County of **SKAGIT**
[Type of Recording Jurisdiction] [Name of Recording Jurisdiction]
SEE ATTACHED EXHIBIT "A"

which currently has the address of **944 PARK STREET**

LA CONNER [City] **Washington 98257** [Zip Code] ("Property Address"):
[Street]

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property." Borrower understands and agrees that MERS holds only legal title to the interests granted by Borrower in this Security Instrument, but, if necessary to comply with law or custom, MERS (as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) has the right: to exercise any or all of those interests, including, but not limited to, the right to foreclose and sell the Property; and to take any action required of Lender including, but not limited to, releasing and canceling this Security Instrument.

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender

Washington Deed of Trust—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac Uniform Instrument
The Compliance Source, Inc.
www.compliancesource.com

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unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item,



Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for



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flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.



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7. **Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections.** Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

8. **Borrower's Loan Application.** Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

9. **Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument.** If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorneys' fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing. Borrower shall not surrender the leasehold estate and interests herein conveyed or terminate or cancel the ground lease. Borrower shall not, without the express written consent of Lender, alter or amend the ground lease.

10. **Mortgage Insurance.** If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the Mortgage



Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer selected by Lender. If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender again becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or until termination is required by Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance.

Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further:

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has – if any – with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.



In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's



rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent,



Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

19. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal



laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

22. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property at public auction at a date not less than 120 days in the future. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration, the right to bring a court action to assert the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale, and any other matters required to be included in the notice by Applicable Law. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and/or any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

If Lender invokes the power of sale, Lender shall give written notice to Trustee of the occurrence of an event of default and of Lender's election to cause the Property to be sold. Trustee and Lender shall take such action regarding notice of sale and shall give such notices to Borrower and to other persons as Applicable Law may require. After the time required by Applicable Law and after publication of the notice of sale, Trustee, without demand on Borrower, shall sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale in one or more parcels and in any order Trustee determines. Trustee may postpone sale of the Property for a period or periods permitted by Applicable Law by public announcement at the time and place fixed in the notice of sale. Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee shall deliver to the purchaser Trustee's deed conveying the Property without any covenant or warranty, expressed or implied. The recitals in the Trustee's deed shall be prima facie evidence of the truth of



the statements made therein. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale in the following order: (a) to all expenses of the sale, including, but not limited to, reasonable Trustee's and attorneys' fees; (b) to all sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it or to the clerk of the superior court of the county in which the sale took place.

23. Reconveyance. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall request Trustee to reconvey the Property and shall surrender this Security Instrument and all notes evidencing debt secured by this Security Instrument to Trustee. Trustee shall reconvey the Property without warranty to the person or persons legally entitled to it. Such person or persons shall pay any recordation costs and the Trustee's fee for preparing the reconveyance.

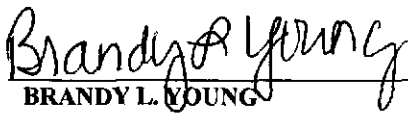
24. Substitute Trustee. In accordance with Applicable Law, Lender may from time to time appoint a successor trustee to any Trustee appointed hereunder who has ceased to act. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor trustee shall succeed to all the title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herein and by Applicable Law.

25. Use of Property. The Property is not used principally for agricultural purposes.

26. Attorneys' Fees. Lender shall be entitled to recover its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in any action or proceeding to construe or enforce any term of this Security Instrument. The term "attorneys' fees", whenever used in this Security Instrument, shall include without limitation attorneys' fees incurred by Lender in any bankruptcy proceeding or on appeal.

ORAL AGREEMENTS OR ORAL COMMITMENTS TO LOAN MONEY, EXTEND CREDIT, OR TO FORBEAR FROM ENFORCING REPAYMENT OF A DEBT ARE NOT ENFORCEABLE UNDER WASHINGTON LAW.

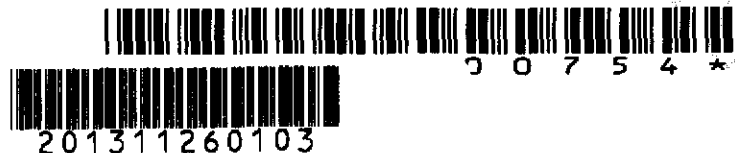
BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.


BRANDY L. YOUNG
(Seal)
-Borrower
[Printed Name]

(Seal)
-Borrower
[Printed Name]

(Seal)
-Borrower
[Printed Name]

(Seal)
-Borrower
[Printed Name]



ACKNOWLEDGMENT

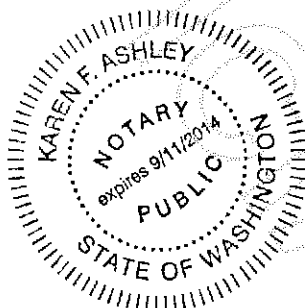
State of WASHINGTON

§
§
§

County of SKAGIT

On this day personally appeared before me **BRANDY L. YOUNG** to me known to be the individual, or individuals described in and who executed the within and foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that he (she or they) signed the same as his (her or their) free and voluntary act and deed, for the uses and purposes therein mentioned.

Given under my hand and official seal this 22ND day of NOVEMBER, 2013



Karen F. Ashley
Signature of Officer

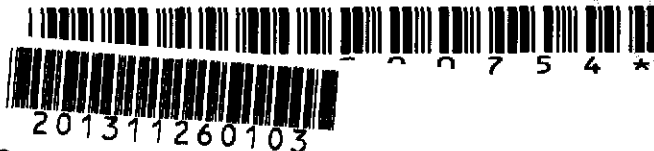
KAREN F. ASHLEY
Printed Name

NOTARY PUBLIC
Title of Officer

SEDRO-WOOLLEY
Place of Residence of Notary Public

My Commission Expires: 9/11/2014

(Seal)



Loan No.: 138-2000754
MIN: 100019913820007541

PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT RIDER

THIS PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT RIDER is made this 19th day of November, 2013, and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Mortgage, Deed of Trust or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument") of the same date, given by the undersigned (the "Borrower") to secure Borrower's Note to GUILD MORTGAGE COMPANY, A CALIFORNIA CORPORATION (the "Lender") of the same date and covering the Property described in the Security Instrument and located at:

944 PARK STREET, LA CONNER, WA 98257
[Property Address]

The Property includes, but is not limited to, a parcel of land improved with a dwelling, together with other such parcels and certain common areas and facilities, as described in Declaration of Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions (the "Declaration"). The Property is a part of a planned unit development known as:

SOUTHFIELD PLANNED UNIT RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT

[Name of Planned Unit Development]

(the "PUD"). The Property also includes Borrower's interest in the homeowners association or equivalent entity owning or managing the common areas and facilities of the PUD (the "Owners Association") and the uses, benefits and proceeds of Borrower's interest.

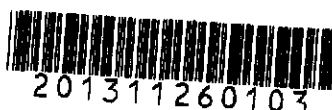
PUD COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

A. PUD Obligations. Borrower shall perform all of Borrower's obligations under the PUD's Constituent Documents. The "Constituent Documents" are the (i) Declaration; (ii) articles of incorporation, trust instrument or any equivalent document which creates the Owners Association; and (iii) any by-laws or other rules or regulations of the Owners Association. Borrower shall promptly pay, when due, all dues and assessments imposed pursuant to the Constituent Documents.

Multistate PUD Rider—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac Uniform Instrument
The Compliance Source, Inc.
www.compliancesource.com

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14501MU 08/00 Rev. 11/04
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B. Property Insurance. So long as the Owners Association maintains, with a generally accepted insurance carrier, a "master" or "blanket" policy insuring the Property which is satisfactory to Lender and which provides insurance coverage in the amounts (including deductible levels), for the periods, and against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards, including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance, then:

(i) Lender waives the provision in Section 3 for the Periodic Payment to Lender of the yearly premium installments for property insurance on the Property; and (ii) Borrower's obligation under Section 5 to maintain property insurance coverage on the Property is deemed satisfied to the extent that the required coverage is provided by the Owners Association policy.

What Lender requires as a condition of this waiver can change during the term of the loan.

Borrower shall give Lender prompt notice of any lapse in required property insurance coverage provided by the master or blanket policy.

In the event of a distribution of property insurance proceeds in lieu of restoration or repair following a loss to the Property, or to common areas and facilities of the PUD, any proceeds payable to Borrower are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender. Lender shall apply the proceeds to the sums secured by the Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

C. Public Liability Insurance. Borrower shall take such actions as may be reasonable to insure that the Owners Association maintains a public liability insurance policy acceptable in form, amount, and extent of coverage to Lender.

D. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, payable to Borrower in connection with any condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property or the common areas and facilities of the PUD, or for any conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender. Such proceeds shall be applied by Lender to the sums secured by the Security Instrument as provided in Section 11.

E. Lender's Prior Consent. Borrower shall not, except after notice to Lender and with Lender's prior written consent, either partition or subdivide the Property or consent to: (i) the abandonment or termination of the PUD, except for abandonment or termination required by law in the case of substantial destruction by fire or other casualty or in the case of a taking by condemnation or eminent domain; (ii) any amendment to any provision of the "Constituent Documents" if the provision is for the express benefit of Lender; (iii) termination of professional management and assumption of self-management of the Owners Association; or (iv) any action which would have the effect of rendering the public liability insurance coverage maintained by the Owners Association unacceptable to Lender.

F. Remedies. If Borrower does not pay PUD dues and assessments when due, then Lender may pay them. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph F shall become additional debt of Borrower secured



by the Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this PUD Rider.

Brandy L. Young (Seal)
BRANDY L. YOUNG -Borrower

____ (Seal)
-Borrower

____ (Seal)
-Borrower

____ (Seal)
-Borrower

[Sign Original Only]

Multistate PUD Rider—Single Family—Fannie Mac/Freddie Mac Uniform Instrument
The Compliance Source, Inc.
www.compliancesource.com

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Form 3150 1/01
14501MU 05/00 Rev. 11/04
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Skagit County Auditor
11/26/2013 Page 17 of 24 3:53PM \$96.00

Schedule "A-1"

147210-OE

DESCRIPTION:

Unit I-2, "SOUTHFIELD PLANNED UNIT RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT (P.U.R.D.) and BINDING SITE PLAN", approved June 23, 2009, and recorded July 24, 2009, under Auditor's File No. 200907240089, and more particularly described as follows:

That portion of Southfield P.U.R.D., Skagit County, Washington, described as follows:

Beginning at the Northeast corner of said Southfield P.U.R.D.;
thence South 29°56'00" West along the East line of said Southfield P.U.R.D., a distance of 482.73 feet;
thence North 60°04'00" West, a distance of 100.11 feet to the true point of beginning;
thence North 04°58'45" East, a distance of 49.01 feet;
thence North 86°01'47" West, a distance of 43.01 feet;
thence South 04°58'45" West, a distance of 49.01 feet;
thence South 86°01'47" East, a distance of 43.01 feet to the true point of beginning.

Situate in the County of Skagit, State of Washington.



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Skagit County Auditor

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EXHIBIT K

Community Land Trust Ground Lease Rider

THIS COMMUNITY LAND TRUST GROUND LEASE RIDER (the "Rider") is made this 25th day of November, 2013, and is incorporated into, and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the community land trust ground lease dated November 25, 2013 by and between Home Trust of Skagit as lessor (the "Lessor") and Brandy Young, as lessee (the "Lessee") ("the CLT Ground Lease"). The CLT Ground Lease covers the leased premises located at 944 Park St, LaConner, WA 98257 (the "Leased Premises"), as further described therein. The CLT Ground Lease, as amended by this Rider, shall hereafter be referred to as the "Lease," unless otherwise indicated.

This Rider amends the CLT Ground Lease for the purpose of enabling the Lessee to secure Fannie Mae financing in the form of a mortgage or deed of trust dated November 19, 2013, by Lessee to Guild Mortgage (the "Specified Mortgage"). The Specified Mortgage is recognized by Lessor as a "Permitted Mortgage" (or as such concept is otherwise defined) under the CLT Ground Lease, and the holder of the Specified Mortgage (the "Specified Mortgagee") is recognized as a "Permitted Mortgagee" (or as such concept is otherwise defined) under the CLT Ground Lease.

ADDITIONAL COVENANTS. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the CLT Ground Lease, and in addition to the covenants and agreements made in the CLT Ground Lease, the Lessor and the Lessee further covenant and agree, so long (but only so long) as the Specified Mortgagee, its successors and assigns shall have an interest in the Leased Premises, as a holder of the Specified Mortgage or as an owner of the Lessee's interest pursuant to any sale after or in lieu of foreclosure, the following provisions shall apply to the CLT Ground Lease as modifications thereof:

- A. **No Assignment or Transfer.** The making of the Specified Mortgage shall not be deemed to constitute an assignment or transfer of the Lease or leasehold estate so as to require the Specified Mortgagee to assume the performance of any of the Lessee's obligations under the Lease.
- B. **Status of the Fee Estate.** The Lessor represents and warrants that there is no existing mortgage on the fee estate, and so long as the Specified Mortgage shall remain on the Leased Premises, the Lessor and the Lessee shall not subordinate the Lease to any mortgage or lien that may hereafter be placed on the fee estate. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a state or local government entity ("Government Entity") may hold a prior recorded interest (represented by recorded covenants, a mortgage or deed of trust, or other lien) on the fee estate if the Government Entity has entered into an agreement (which agreement has been approved in writing by the Specified Mortgagee) that provides, among other conditions, in the event the Government Entity (including its successors and assigns) succeeds to the interest of the Lessor under the Lease by any remedy available to the Government Entity by law or pursuant to its lien, the Government Entity and the Lessee agree to recognize one another under all the terms of the Lease and



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Entity and the Lessee agree to recognize one another under all the terms of the Lease and this Rider. Such recognition must include, but is not limited to, the provisions of this Rider whereby all provisions of the Lease regarding (a) occupancy of the Leased Premises as a primary residence by the Lessee, (b) limitation on assignment of, or sublease under, the Lease, (c) the price at which the leasehold estate may be transferred, and (d) the income of successive transferees, assignees or successors, shall, in the event of foreclosure or assignment in lieu of foreclosure of the Specified Mortgage, be of no further force or effect with respect to such Specified Mortgagee or its successive transferees, assignees or successors. The Specified Mortgage shall constitute a first leasehold lien on the Leased Premises, and shall have priority over the Lessor's reversionary interest. If the Lessor conveys title to the fee estate while the Specified Mortgage remains on the Leased Premises, the Lease shall remain in effect with the same priority thereto.

- C. **Termination, Forfeiture and Modification of Lease.** There shall be no termination, forfeiture, or modification of the Lease, except as provided in this Rider, without the prior written consent of the Specified Mortgagee. The Lessor and Lessee shall amend the Lease from time to time as reasonably requested by the Specified Mortgagee, as long as the requested changes do not change the periodic fee, charge or payment due the Lessor for the rights accorded the Lessee under the Lease (the "Ground Lease Fee"), and do not materially or adversely affect the rights of Lessor or Lessee or their respective interests in the Leased Premises. An adjustment of the Ground Lease Fee may be made by the Lessor as provided in the Lease, without prior approval of the Specified Mortgagee, so long as written notice has been delivered to the Specified Mortgagee at least 60 days prior to the effective date of such adjustment with respect to adjustments other than those (i) that were scheduled at the time the Specified Mortgage was given, and (ii) reflecting routine, periodic updates to variable expenses such as property taxes and liability insurance premiums; provided, however, that the Specified Mortgagee shall have the right to arbitrate (as provided herein) any dispute as to an adjustment of the Ground Lease Fee.
- D. **No Termination of CLT Ground Lease.** Upon the occurrence of an event of default under the CLT Ground Lease, as long as the Specified Mortgagee cures monetary defaults under the CLT Ground Lease and institutes and diligently pursues foreclosure of the leasehold estate created by the CLT Ground Lease, or acquires title to the leasehold estate through foreclosure or assignment in lieu of foreclosure of the Specified Mortgage, Lessor agrees not to terminate the CLT Ground Lease, initiate summary proceedings against the Lessee, or repossess the Leased Premises. After the Specified Mortgagee's acquisition of title to the leasehold estate through foreclosure or assignment in lieu of foreclosure, the Lessor agrees that the Specified Mortgagee may, by written notice to the Lessor, automatically create a new Lease between the Lessor and the Specified Mortgagee, which Lease shall be for the remainder of the term of the Lease, with the same priority thereto, and shall be subject to the same terms of the CLT Ground Lease as would be applicable pursuant to Section E.1 below where the Specified Mortgagee had accelerated its note, foreclosed on the Specified Mortgage, taken an assignment in lieu of foreclosure, or exercised its other remedies for default.



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E. **Mortgage Default or Foreclosure.** Subject to the following, upon the occurrence of an event of default under the Specified Mortgage (as determined by the Specified Mortgagee an "Event of Default"), and without the consent of the Lessor, the Specified Mortgagee shall be permitted to accelerate its note, foreclose on the Specified Mortgage, take an assignment in lieu of foreclosure, or exercise its other remedies for default. Further:

1. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default under the Specified Mortgage, the Lessee shall immediately notify the Lessor of such Event of Default and shall submit to Lessor copies of all notices the Lessee received from the Specified Mortgagee relating thereto. The Specified Mortgagee and the Lessor shall endeavor to communicate and cooperate in efforts to deal with the circumstances of the Event of Default and the actions the parties may take relating thereto; provided, however, the Specified Mortgagee shall only be obliged to give formal legal notice of the Event of Default to the Lessor as required by the CLT Ground Lease.
2. The Lessee and the Specified Mortgagee agree that the Lessor shall have the right, but not the obligation, to cure an Event of Default in the Lessee's name and on the Lessee's behalf. If such cure is not effective and continuing, nothing herein shall be construed to prevent or delay the Specified Mortgagee from its pursuit of foreclosure and any other available remedies. The Lessee shall be responsible to the Lessor for all payments made, and expenses incurred, by the Lessor in curing such default.
3. Should the Lessor not choose to cure an Event of Default as specified above, the Lessor shall nevertheless have the option to purchase the leasehold estate from the Specified Mortgagee for the full amount owing to the Specified Mortgagee under the Specified Mortgage as of the date of closing of the purchase, upon written notice given by the Specified Mortgagee (the "Mortgagee Option Notice") not later than 60 days following acquisition of title to the leasehold estate by the Specified Mortgagee by foreclosure or by an assignment in lieu of foreclosure; provided, however, the Specified Mortgagee may give such written notice following the occurrence of an Event of Default under the Specified Mortgage and prior to the completion of foreclosure proceedings. If the Lessor elects to exercise such option to purchase, the Lessor shall give written notice to the Specified Mortgagee of the Lessor's intent to purchase the leasehold estate (the "Lessor Option Notice") within 45 days following the Specified Mortgagee's giving of the Mortgagee Option Notice; provided, however, at the option of the Lessor, in the event the Mortgagee Option Notice is given prior to the completion of foreclosure proceedings by the Specified Mortgagee, the Lessor shall, within such 45-day period, be able to give a written notice to the Specified Mortgagee that it will delay giving the Lessor Option Notice until a date that is not later than 30 days following written notice from the Specified Mortgagee of its acquisition of title to the leasehold estate. The Lessor shall complete the purchase of the leasehold estate within 60 days of giving the Lessor Option Notice. If the Lessor does not complete the purchase within the allotted 60 days, the Specified



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Mortgagee shall be free to sell the leasehold estate to another person or entity. Further, if the Lessor does not complete the purchase within the allotted 60 days, the Lessor agrees to pay to the Specified Mortgagee its costs of holding the property from the date of the Lessor Option Notice until the expiration of such 60-day period. If the Lessor does not purchase the leasehold estate as described herein, the leasehold estate may be transferred, mortgaged and sublet an unlimited number of times, and the Lessor shall not require a credit review or impose other qualifying criteria on any such transferee, mortgagee or sublessee.

4. In the event of foreclosure or assignment in lieu of foreclosure, which results in the conveyance of the leasehold estate from the Lessee, any adjustment of the Ground Lease Fee to reflect then current fair market rental value as provided in the Lease, shall be subject to the approval of the Specified Mortgagee. The Specified Mortgagee and the Lessor shall attempt to resolve any dispute concerning such adjustment of the Ground Lease Fee, through the normal interaction of the parties, or through formal mediation as the case may warrant. If the dispute remains unresolved, the Specified Mortgagee and the Lessor shall submit the dispute as to the fair market rental value to binding arbitration.
5. In the event the Specified Mortgagee acquires title to the leasehold estate through foreclosure or assignment in lieu of foreclosure of the Specified Mortgage, all provisions of the Lease regarding (a) occupancy of the Leased Premises as a primary residence by the Lessee, (b) any limitation on the assignment of, or sublease under, the Lease, (c) any obligation to target certain populations in marketing the leasehold estate to potential transferees, (d) the price at which the leasehold estate may be transferred, and (e) the income of successive transferees, and their successors and assigns, shall be of no further force or effect with respect to such Specified Mortgagee or its successive transferees, assignees or successors. The foregoing sentence shall not be construed to invalidate other Lease provisions regarding permitted use of the Leased Premises. Any transfer or assignment of the property encumbered by the Specified Mortgage as provided for in this paragraph shall be deemed a permitted sale, transfer or assignment of the Lease and the leasehold estate. Further, in such event, the leasehold estate may be transferred, mortgaged and sublet an unlimited number of times, and the Lessor shall not require a credit review or impose other qualifying criteria on any such transferee, mortgagee or sublessee.

F. Lease Default. There shall be no forfeiture or termination of the Lease except for (i) the nonpayment of amounts due under the Lease, and (ii) violation of one or more provisions of the Lease addressing the following: (a) prohibition or restrictions on the sale or transfer of the Lessee's interest (however, non-sale transfers resulting from marriage, divorce, death of a spouse, or a transfer otherwise permitted by applicable federal law, may not constitute a basis for default under the Lease, though the Lessor may require such transferee to agree to assume the transferor's obligations under the Lease), and (b) requirement that the Lessee occupy the Leased Premises as primary residence. Provided, however, such forfeiture or termination shall be subject to the Specified Mortgagee's



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right to cure a monetary default, or otherwise foreclose or take an assignment of the Leasehold estate in lieu of foreclosure with respect to the Lessee's monetary or non-monetary default. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein shall be construed to require the Specified Mortgagee to cure any non-monetary default. Further, the Specified Mortgagee shall become subrogated to any and all rights of the Lessee with respect to such curing of a default. If the Lessee's default shall be cured as provided in the Lease, and the Specified Mortgagee shall discontinue its foreclosure or assignment in lieu of foreclosure proceedings, the Lease shall continue in full force and effect as if the Lessee had not defaulted. A default by the Lessee under the Lease shall constitute a default under the Specified Mortgage.

- G. Lease Default Notice.** Notwithstanding the notice requirements provided in the Lease, no default notice by the Lessor shall be deemed to have been given unless and until a copy thereof shall have been so given to the Specified Mortgagee.
- H. Insurance.** All insurance policies covering the Improvements shall by endorsement name the Specified Mortgagee as an additional insured and loss payee, and provide the Specified Mortgagee with 30 days' cancellation notice.
- I. Casualty and Condemnation.** If the Leased Premises are destroyed or taken to such an extent that the Lease is to be terminated, the insurance proceeds or condemnation award, as the case may be, shall be applied first in an amount sufficient to satisfy the Specified Mortgage. Upon the termination of the Lease as a result of a partial destruction or a condemnation of less than the entire Leased Premises, the total insurance proceeds or condemnation award, as the case may be, shall be paid to an appointed trustee, who shall first apply such insurance proceeds or condemnation award in accordance with the Specified Mortgage for restoration of the Improvements (if such trustee determines that the Improvements may reasonably be restored to a residential use consistent with the Lease), with the balance of such insurance proceeds or condemnation award to be allocated between the Lessor and Lessee as otherwise provided in the Lease. The Specified Mortgagee shall be entitled to participate in (i) the adjustment of all casualty losses and (ii) all condemnation proceedings and settlement discussions. Any insurance proceeds or condemnation award shall be applied in accordance with the Specified Mortgage. The Specified Mortgagee shall also be entitled to participate in the adjustment of the Ground Lease Fee as a result of a partial destruction or taking.
- J. Force Majeure.** The Lessee shall not be in default where performance is delayed or prevented by "Acts of God," war, civil commotion, strikes, labor disputes or the like.
- K. Easements and Alterations.** Additions to and alternations in the Improvements may be made as provided in the Lease, as long as the value of the Leased Premises and the Improvements is not diminished. The Lessor, as owner of the Leased Premises only, shall join in all easements, permits and applications necessary for such development of the Leased Premises and the Improvements as is permitted under the Lease, provided that the Lessor shall have no liability or obligation under such easement, permit or application.



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- L. Arbitration.** The Specified Mortgagee shall have the right to participate in any arbitration or legal proceedings between the Lessor and the Lessee. Any arbitration proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with arbitration statutes contained in the Revised Code of Washington.
- M. Merger.** If the estates of the Lessor and Lessee are at any time owned by the same person, so long as the Specified Mortgagee has any interest in the security or in the Specified Mortgage, such person shall take all necessary steps to ensure that the Specified Mortgage constitutes a first lien on the combined estate.
- N. Sublease.** There shall be no modification, cancellation, or surrender of any subleases, or prepayment of rent thereunder without the consent of the Specified Mortgagee. If the Specified Mortgagee forecloses on the Leased Premises, or takes an assignment in lieu of foreclosure, all subtenants shall agree to continue as a tenant to the Specified Mortgagee or its assignee.
- O. Estoppel Certificate.** The Lessor shall, from time to time, with 10 days written notice from the Specified Mortgagee, certify by written instrument, duly executed and acknowledged, to such Specified Mortgagee that the Lease has not been amended, the Lease is in full force and effect, that neither party is in default thereunder, and shall certify as to the existence of any offsets, counterclaims or defenses on the part of the Lessee.
- P. Conflict.** In the event of a conflict between the terms and provisions of this Rider and the terms and provisions of the Lease, the terms and provisions of this Rider shall control.

BY SIGNING BELOW, the Lessor and the Lessee accept and agree to the terms and conditions of this Rider.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Rider at Burlington WA, on the day and year first written above.

LESSOR:

By: D.G. Muehl

Title: Executive Director

LESSEE:

Brandy R Young



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Skagit County Auditor
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