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Skagit County Auditor

11/30/2012 Page

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14 10:47AM

This Space Provided for Recorder's Use.

After Recording Return To:
TCF NATIONAL BANK
ATTN FILE REVIEW 002-01-P
101 EAST FIFTH ST STE 101
ST PAUL MN 55101

Account Number 099 - 452

Loan Originator's Name CARRIE WORRA

Loan Originator Identifier 422224

OPEN END DEED OF TRUST

A103545-3
GUARDIAN NORTHWEST TITLE CO.

Grantor(s):

CHRISTIAN F CHESLEY and MARGUERITE A CHESLEY*

6424 VERA ST.

ANACORTES WA 98221

CHRISTIAN F CHESLEY AND MARGUERITE A CHESLEY, TRUSTEES OF
THE CHRISTIAN F CHESLEY AND MARGUERITE A CHESLEY FAMILY
TRUST DATED JANUARY 7, 2000.

Grantee/Trustee: Regional Trustee Services Corporation

616 1st Avenue, Suite 500

Seattle, Washington 98104

Beneficiary:

TCF National Bank

2508 South Louise Avenue

Sioux Falls, SD 57106

Legal Description:

SEE ATTACHED

LOT 4 DAWN ADDITION TO FIDALGO CITY

Assessor's Property Tax Parcel or Account Number: (P73359)41030000040004

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) **"Security Instrument"** means this document, which is dated November 29th, 2012, together with all Riders to this document.

(B) **"Lender"** is the same as Beneficiary above. Lender is a national bank organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America. Lender's address is 2508 South Louise Avenue, Sioux Falls, SD 57106. Lender is the beneficiary under this Security Instrument.

(C) **"Note"** means the CommandCredit Plus® Home Equity Line of Credit Agreement and Disclosure Statement signed by Grantor and dated November 29th, 2012. The debt evidenced by the Note is a revolving line of credit with a maximum credit limit of ONE HUNDRED FORTY SEVEN THOUSAND DOLLARS AND 00 Dollars (\$147,000.00). Grantor has promised to pay this debt in full not later than 11/30/2042.

(D) **"Property"** means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(E) **"Loan"** means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(F) **"Riders"** means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Grantor. The following Riders are to be executed by Grantor [check box as applicable]:

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Rate Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Condominium Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Second Home Rider |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Balloon Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Planned Unit Development Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Other(s) [specify] _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1-4 Family Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Biweekly Payment Rider | |

(G) **"Applicable Law"** means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

(H) **"Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments"** means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Grantor or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.

(I) **"Electronic Funds Transfer"** means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

(J) **"Escrow Items"** means those items that are described in Section 3.

(K) **"Miscellaneous Proceeds"** means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

(L) **"Mortgage Insurance"** means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(M) **"Periodic Payment"** means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.

(N) **"RESPA"** means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

(O) **"Successor in Interest of Grantor"** means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Grantor's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.



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TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Grantor's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Grantor irrevocably grants and conveys to Trustee, in trust, with power of sale, the following described property located in the County of SKAGIT; State of Washington:

PARCEL A:

LOT 4, DAWN ADDITION, FIDALGO CITY, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED IN VOLUME 7 OF PLATS, PAGE 49, RECORDS OF SKAGIT COUNTY, WASHINGTON;

PARCEL B:

A NON-EXCLUSIVE EASEMENT FOR BEACH RIGHTS AND INGRESS AND EGRESS THERETO AS GRANTED AND CONVEYED BY INSTRUMENT RECORDED SEPTEMBER 20, 1963, UNDER AUDITOR'S FILE NO. 641070, RECORDS OF SKAGIT COUNTY, WASHINGTON;

EXCEPT THAT PORTION THEREOF, IF ANY, OF THE WEST 27 FEET OF LOTS 14 AND 22, INCLUSIVE, BLOCK 187, MAP OF FIDALGO CITY, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED IN VOLUME 2 OF PLATS, PAGE 113, RECORDS OF SKAGIT COUNTY, WASHINGTON , DESCRIBED IN SAID EASEMENT THAT MAY LIE BEYOND THE LINE OF ORDINARY HIGH TIDE, OR THE MEANDER LINE, WHICHEVER IS FURTHEST OUT;

AND ALSO EXCEPT ANY PORTION OF THE EAST 48 FEET OF VACATED WASHINGTON STREET DESCRIBED IN SAID EASEMENT WHICH MAY LIE BEYOND THE LINE OF MEAN LOW TIDE.

[ANY BLANK SPACE REMAINING AFTER THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION IS INTENTIONAL]



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which currently has the address of
6424 VERA ST. ANACORTES WA 98221 ("Property Address");

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

GRANTOR COVENANTS that Grantor is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Grantor warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Grantor and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Grantor shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Grantor shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future. No offset or claim which Grantor might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Grantor from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. All payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the order of priority set forth in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Grantor shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Grantor to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Grantor, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Grantor shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Grantor shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Grantor's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Grantor's obligation to pay to



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Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Grantor shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Grantor's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Grantor is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Grantor fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Grantor shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Grantor shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Grantor for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Grantor interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Grantor any interest or earnings on the Funds. Grantor and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Grantor, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Grantor for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Grantor as required by RESPA, and Grantor shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Grantor as required by RESPA, and Grantor shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Grantor any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Grantor shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Grantor shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Grantor shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Grantor: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Grantor is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Grantor a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Grantor shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Grantor to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.



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5. Property Insurance. Grantor shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Grantor subject to Lender's right to disapprove Grantor's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Grantor to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Grantor shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Grantor.

If Grantor fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Grantor's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Grantor, Grantor's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Grantor acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Grantor could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Grantor secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Grantor requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Grantor shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Grantor obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Grantor shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Grantor. Unless Lender and Grantor otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Grantor any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Grantor shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Grantor. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Grantor. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Grantor abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Grantor does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Grantor hereby assigns to Lender (a) Grantor's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Grantor's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Grantor)



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under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy. Grantor shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Grantor's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Grantor's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Grantor's control.

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Grantor shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Grantor is residing in the Property, Grantor shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Grantor shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Grantor shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Grantor is not relieved of Grantor's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Grantor notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

8. Grantor's Loan Application. Grantor shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Grantor or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Grantor or with Grantor's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Grantor's occupancy of the Property as Grantor's principal residence.

9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If: (a) Grantor fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument; (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations); or (c) Grantor has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorneys' fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Grantor secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Grantor requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Grantor shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Grantor acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.



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10. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Grantor shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance and Grantor was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Grantor shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Grantor of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer selected by Lender. If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Grantor shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay Grantor any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender again becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan and Grantor was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Grantor shall pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Grantor and Lender providing for such termination or until termination is required by Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Grantor's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Grantor does not repay the Loan as agreed. Grantor is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance.

Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Grantor's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further:

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Grantor has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Grantor will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Grantor to any refund.

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Grantor has – if any – with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly.



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Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Grantor any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Grantor. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Grantor.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Grantor and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Grantor.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Grantor and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Grantor, or if, after notice by Lender to Grantor that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Grantor fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Grantor Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Grantor has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Grantor shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Grantor can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Grantor Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Grantor or any Successor in Interest of Grantor shall not operate to release the liability of Grantor or any Successors in Interest of Grantor. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Grantor or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Grantor or any Successors in Interest of Grantor. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Grantor or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Grantor covenants and agrees that Grantor's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any



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Grantor who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Grantor can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Grantor who assumes Grantor's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Grantor's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Grantor shall not be released from Grantor's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Grantor fees for services performed in connection with Grantor's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Grantor shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Grantor which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Grantor. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Grantor. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Grantor's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Grantor will constitute a waiver of any right of action Grantor might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All notices given by Grantor or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Grantor in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Grantor when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Grantor's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Grantor shall constitute notice to all Grantors unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Grantor has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Grantor shall promptly notify Lender of Grantor's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Grantor's change of address, then Grantor shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Grantor. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument and all disputes relating in any way to this Security Instrument or your Loan shall be governed and interpreted by: (a) federal law applicable to national banks; and (b) to the extent state law applies and is not preempted, the substantive and procedural law (but not the conflict of law rules) of the State of South Dakota. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located shall apply on the issues of the validity and effect of recording, the procedure for enforcement of this Security Instrument and the effect of that procedure, including, without limitation, divestiture of liens, distribution of proceeds from a judicial sale, the title acquired by the purchaser, deficiency judgments and the like.

All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree



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by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

17. Grantor's Copy. Grantor shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Grantor. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Grantor at a future date to a purchaser.

If all or any part of the Property or any interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Grantor is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Grantor is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Grantor notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Grantor must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Grantor fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Grantor.

19. Grantor's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Grantor meets certain conditions, Grantor shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Grantor's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Grantor: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Grantor's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Grantor pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Grantor, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Grantor. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Grantor will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the



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Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Grantor will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Grantor shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Grantor shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property: (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law; (b) which creates an Environmental Condition; or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

Grantor shall promptly give Lender written notice of: (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Grantor has actual knowledge; (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance; and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Grantor learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Grantor shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Grantor and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

22. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Grantor prior to acceleration following Grantor's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Grantor, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property at public auction at a date not less than 120 days in the future. The notice shall further inform Grantor of the right to reinstate after acceleration, the right to bring a court action to assert the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Grantor to acceleration and sale, and any other matters required to be included in the notice by Applicable Law. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and/or any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

If Lender invokes the power of sale, Lender shall give written notice to Trustee of the occurrence of an event of default and of Lender's election to cause the Property to be sold. Trustee and Lender shall take such action regarding notice of sale and shall give such notices to



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Grantor and to other persons as Applicable Law may require. After the time required by Applicable Law and after publication of the notice of sale, Trustee, without demand on Grantor, shall sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale in one or more parcels and in any order Trustee determines. Trustee may postpone sale of the Property for a period or periods permitted by Applicable Law by public announcement at the time and place fixed in the notice of sale. Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee shall deliver to the purchaser Trustee's deed conveying the Property without any covenant or warranty, expressed or implied. The recitals in the Trustee's deed shall be prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements made therein. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale in the following order: (a) to all expenses of the sale, including, but not limited to, reasonable Trustee's and attorneys' fees; (b) to all sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it or to the clerk of the superior court of the county in which the sale took place.

23. Reconveyance. Upon termination of the Note as to future advances and payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall request Trustee to reconvey the Property and shall surrender this Security Instrument and all notes evidencing debt secured by this Security Instrument to Trustee. Trustee shall reconvey the Property without warranty to the person or persons legally entitled to it. Such person or persons shall pay any recordation costs and the Trustee's fee for preparing the reconveyance.

24. Substitute Trustee. In accordance with Applicable Law, Lender may from time to time appoint a successor trustee to any Trustee appointed hereunder who has ceased to act. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor trustee shall succeed to all the title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herein and by Applicable Law.

25. Use of Property. The Property is not used principally for agricultural purposes.

26. Attorneys' Fees. Lender shall be entitled to recover its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in any action or proceeding to construe or enforce any term of this Security Instrument. The term "attorneys' fees," whenever used in this Security Instrument, shall include without limitation attorneys' fees incurred by Lender in any bankruptcy proceeding or on appeal.



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ORAL AGREEMENTS OR ORAL COMMITMENTS TO LOAN MONEY, EXTEND CREDIT, OR TO FORBEAR FROM ENFORCING REPAYMENT OF A DEBT ARE NOT ENFORCEABLE UNDER WASHINGTON LAW.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Grantor accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Grantor and recorded with it.

CHRISTIAN F CHESLEY AND MARGUERITE A CHESLEY, TRUSTEES OF THE CHRISTIAN F CHESLEY AND MARGUERITE A CHESLEY FAMILY TRUST DATED JANUARY 7, 2000

CHRISTIAN F CHESLEY

- Grantor

MARGUERITE A CHESLEY

- Grantor

STATE OF WASHINGTON

COUNTY OF SKAGIT

On this day personally appeared before me
CHRISTIAN F CHESLEY and MARGUERITE A CHESLEY
to me known to be the individual(s) described in and who executed the within and foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that he/she/~~they~~ signed the same as his/her/~~their~~ free and voluntary act and deed, for the uses and purposes therein mentioned.

Given under my hand and seal of office this 29th day of November, 2012.

Notary Public residing at

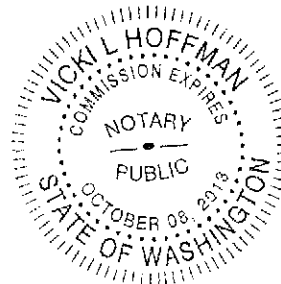
ANACORTES

Printed Name:

VICKI L. HOFFMAN

My Commission Expires:

10-8-13



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