

Skagit County Auditor

After Recording Return To:

10/26/2004 Page

1 of 21 1:29PM

GMAC Mortgage Corp. 100 Witmer Road Horsham, PA 19044-0963 ATTN: Records Management

FIRST AMERICAN TITLE CO.

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data] Property Address:

20468 Daisy Lane, Mount Vernon, WA 98274

Loan No. 572740207

TRUSTEE: FIRST AMERICAN TITLE CO.

MIN 1000375-0572740207-8

Assessor's Property Tax Parcel/Account #: p16647 & P16702

DEED OF TRUST

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

"Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated October 22, (A)

, together with all Riders to this document. 2004

"Borrower" is **(B)**

JAMES CHAPIN AND STACY CHAPIN, HUSBAND AND WIFE

Borrower is the trustor under this Security Instrument.

"Lender" is **(C)**

GMAC Mortgage Corporation

Lender is a Corporation laws of Pennsylvania

organized and existing under the

. Lender's address is

100 Witmer Road, P.O. Box 963, Horsham, PA

Additional legal on page

(Page 1 of 19) 269986184

of document.

WASHINGTON -- Single Family -- Famile Mac/Freddie Mac
UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3048 1/01 //

GMACM - CMS.0039.WA (0001)

described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or
proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages
(N) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or
(M) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.
wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.
point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone,
a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to,
terminal, telephonic instrument, computer or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize
originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic
(L) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction
association, homeowners association or similar organization.
assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium
as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.
regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well
(J) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes,
Other(s) [specify] Planned Unit Development Rider
Balloon Rider Biweekly Payment Rider 1-4 Family Rider
Adjustable Rate Rider Condominium Rider Second Home Rider
and the construction of th
The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:
The state of the s
inferest.
and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus
(H) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges
Rights in the Property
(D) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of
November 1, 2034
debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than
Dollars (U.S. \$333,700.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this
Three Hundred Thirty Three Thousand Seven Hundred and 00/100
The Note states that Borrower owes Lender
(F) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated October 22,
MI 48501-2026, tel. (888) 679-MERS.
under the laws of Delaware, and has an address and telephone number of P.O. Box 2026, Flint,
MERS is the beneficiary under this Security Instrument. MERS is organized and existing
corporation that is acting solely as a nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns.
(E) "MERS" is Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. MERS is a separate corporation that is acting solely as a nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns.
(E) "MERS" is Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. MERS is a separate corporation that is acting solely as a nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns.
(E) "MERS" is Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. MERS is a separate
(D) "Trustee" is FIRST AMERICAN TITLE (E) "MERS" is Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. MERS is a separate corporation that is acting solely as a nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns.

GMACM - CMS.0039.WA (0001) (Page 2 of 19)

WASHINGTON — Single Pennily — Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac Uniform instrument Form 3948 1/01

Reference Cang on a contract of 19)

Reference Cang on a contract of 19)

misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv)

M92:1 12

To S

Skagit County Auditor 200410260112

10/26/2004 Page

- (O) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.
- (P) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.
- (Q) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.
- (R) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

The beneficiary of this Security Instrument is MERS (solely as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) and the successors and assigns of MERS. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower irrevocably grants and conveys to Trustee, in trust, with power of sale, the following described property located in the County

[Type of Recording Jurisdiction]

of Skagit

[Name of Recording Jurisdiction]

SEE SCHEDULE "A" ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF.

which currently has the address of 20468 Daisy Lane,

[City]

[Street]

Mount Vernon

. Washington

98274

[Zip Code]

("Property Address"):

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property." Borrower understands and agrees that MERS holds only legal title to the interests granted by Borrower in this Security Instrument, but, if necessary to comply with law or custom, MERS (as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) has the right: to exercise any or all of those interests, including, but not limited to, the right to foreclose and sell the Property; and to take any action required of Lender including, but not limited to, releasing and canceling this Security Instrument.

WASHINGTON — Single Family — Fannie Mac/Freddle Mac UNIFORM INSTRUME GMACM - CMS.0039.WA (0001) (Page 3 of 19) I

200410260112 Skagit County Auditor

10/26/2004 Page

3 of 21 1:29PM

:

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seised of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and mon-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

I. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) Eccurity Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payment are insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments are accepted. If each Periodic obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender makes payment to bring the Loan funds. Lender may hold such unapplied due date, then Lender makes payment to bring the Loan supply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied for each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other

GMACM - CMS,0039, WA (9001) (Page 4 of 19)

LOAN NO: 572740207

LOAN NO: 572740207

LOAN NO: 572740207

2004 702601 2 00 1:29PM Skagit County Auditor

amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for; (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees, and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation. Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of

LOAN NO: 572740207

WASHINGTON -- Single Family -- Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT F GMACM - CMS.0039.WA (0001) (Page 5 of 19)

200410260 Skagit County Auditor 10/26/2004 Page 5 of

21 1:29PM

Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits requires interest to be paid on the Funds. Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest or earnings on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the choicency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in

accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall

promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Pees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender as a notice which has been proved in the Borrower and satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification

and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and

WASHINGTON -- Single Pamily -- Pannie Mae-Freddie Mae Uniform Instrument Form 3048 109 109 GMACM - CMS, 0039, WA (0001) (Page 6 of 19)

SCO470260772 SCO470260772 Skagit County Auditor

M462:1 12

1012612004 Page

floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property. or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters,

LOAN NO: 572740207

WASHINGTON - Single Pamily - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3048 MENT Form 3048 1/01 / Sum-

GMACM - CMS.0039.WA (0001) (Page 7 of 19)

00410260 **Skagit County Auditor** 21 1:29PM

10/26/2004 Page

Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2. secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and

pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the than the right to any refund of uncarned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available

unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond borrower's date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall 6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's

the completion of such repair or restoration. sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for brogress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has refeased proceeds for such purposes. connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections.

Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property.

application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or 8. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan specifying such reasonable cause.

information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate

GMACM - CMS.0039, WA (0001) (Page 8 of 19) WASHINGTON -- Single Family - Famile Mae/Freddle Mar UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 30/8

10/26/2004 Page Skagit County Auditor L6092017002

MG6Z: L

connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorneys' fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

10. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer selected by Lender. If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the

LOAN NO: 572740207

WASHINGTON - Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3048 1/01 Ini'

GMACM - CMS.0039.WA (0001) (Page 9 of 19)



Skagit County Auditor

10/26/2004 Page

1:29PM 21 9 of

rate provided in the Note. Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or until termination is required by requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable loss reserve, until the Lender's premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain making the Loan and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender again

party to the Mortgage Insurance. certain losses it may incur if Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for

insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgage time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums). mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may

often termed "captive reinsurance." Further: the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is risk, or reducing losses. It such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or

Borrower to any refund. increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle pay for Mortgage insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not (a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to

unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination. automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage insurance premiums that were obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage insurance terminated other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and respect to the Mortgage insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any (b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has - if any - with

II. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds

are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

GMACM - CMS.0039.WA (0001) (Page 10 of 19)

WASHINGTON -- Single Parnily -- Fannle Mac/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3048, 1/01

Skagit County Auditor 1092017002

MG62:1 10 Of 10/26/2004 Page

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower,

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

LOAN NO: 572740207

WASHINGTON - Single Family - Famile Mae/Freddle Mar UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3048 1/01

GMACM - CMS.0039.WA (0001) (Page 11 of 19)

200410260112 Skagit County Auditor

10/26/2004 Page

11 of 21 1:29PM

assigned and shall be paid to Lender. damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby in the Property or rights under this Security instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material Borrower shall be in default it any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance by Lender Not a Waiver, Extension of shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy. entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, Successors in Interest of Bottower. Any torbeatance by Lender in exercising any right of this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security

Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any Note (a "co-signer"); (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and several. However, any Bottower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Bottower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and 13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound.

co-signer's consent. accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument of the Note without the not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is

this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The coverants and agreements of Bottower shall not be released from Bottower's obligations and liability under this Security Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who

and assigns of Lender.

Skagit County Auditor 20041028<u>011</u>2

M962:1 10/26/2004 Page

GMACM - CMS.0039.WA (0001) (Page 12 of 19) WASHINGTON -- Single Pattily -- Famile Macifreddie Mac Uniform Instrument Fo

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

- 15. Notices. All Notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.
- 16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a

Skagit County Auditor 10/26/2004 Page

LOAN NO: 572740207

WASHINGTON - Single Family - Famile Mac/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3048/71/01

GMACM - CMS.0039, WA (0001) (Page 13 of 19)

13 of

21 1:29PM

prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

without any obligation to take any action.

17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this

Security Instrument:

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract

Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity, or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; reasonable attorneys' rees, property inspection and valuation rees, and other rees incurred for the all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other coverants or agreements; (c) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as it no a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of; (a) tive days before sale of the Property conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument 19. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain

WASHINGTON -- Single Pennity -- Fannle Mae/Freddle Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMRNT Form 304 1/01

GMACM - CMS.0039, WA (0001) (Page 14 of 19)

Initials:

Magair county Auditor
N992:1 12 10 41 1:29PM

10|56|2004 page

reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that

LOAN NO: 572740207

WASHINGTON -- Single Family -- Fannie Mac/Freddle Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 304 1/01

GMACM - CMS.0039.WA (0001) (Page 15 of 19)

200410260112 Skagit County Auditor

10/26/2004 Page

15 of 21 1:29PM

Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products). generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the

any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup. necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance of Environmental Law of which Borrower demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim,

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as

:swollot

limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence. expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all this Security Instrument without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and/or notice, Lender at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by notice by Applicable Law. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the of Borrower to acceleration and sale, and any other matters required to be included in the the right to bring a court action to assert the non-existence of a default or any other defense future. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration, Instrument and sale of the Property at public auction at a date not less than 120 days in the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to

time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale in one or more parcels demand on borrower, shall sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder at the required by Applicable Law and after publication of the notice of sale, Trustee, without notices to borrower and to other persons as Applicable Law may require. After the time Trustee and Lender shall take such action regarding notice of sale and shall give such occurrence of an event of default and of Lender's election to cause the Property to be sold. If Lender invokes the power of sale, Lender shall give written notice to Trustee of the

GMACM - CMS.0039.WA (0001) (Page 16 of 19) WASHINGTON — Single Pamily -- Fennie Mae/Preddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form

092017002

1:29PM

10\Se\5004 bade

and in any order Trustee determines. Trustee may postpone sale of the Property for a period or periods permitted by Applicable Law by public announcement at the time and place fixed in the notice of sale. Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee shall deliver to the purchaser Trustee's deed conveying the Property without any covenant or warranty, expressed or implied. The recitals in the Trustee's deed shall be prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements made therein. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale in the following order: (a) to all expenses of the sale, including, but not limited to, reasonable Trustee's and attorneys' fees; (b) to all sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it or to the clerk of the superior court of the county in which the sale took place.

- 23. Reconveyance. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall request Trustee to reconvey the Property and shall surrender this Security Instrument and all notes evidencing debt secured by this Security Instrument to Trustee. Trustee shall reconvey the Property without warranty to the person or persons legally entitled to it. Such person or persons shall pay any recordation costs and the Trustee's fee for preparing the reconveyance.
- 24. Substitute Trustee: In accordance with Applicable Law, Lender may from time to time appoint a successor trustee to any Trustee appointed hereunder who has ceased to act. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor trustee shall succeed to all the title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herein and by Applicable Law.
 - 25. Use of Property. The Property is not used principally for agricultural purposes.
- 26. Attorneys' Fees. Lender shall be entitled to recover its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in any action or proceeding to construe or enforce any term of this Security Instrument. The term "attorneys' fees," whenever used in this Security Instrument, shall include without limitation attorneys' fees incurred by Lender in any bankruptcy proceeding or on appeal.

ORAL AGREEMENTS OR ORAL COMMITMENTS TO LOAN MONEY, EXTEND CREDIT, OR TO FORBEAR FROM ENFORCING REPAYMENT OF A DEBT ARE NOT ENFORCEABLE UNDER WASHINGTON LAW.

THIS SPACE LEFT INTENTIONALLY BLANK

WASHINGTON -- Single Pamily -- Fannie Mae/Freddle Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3049 1/01 GMACM - CMS.0039.WA (0001) (Page 17 of 19) Initials:



10/26/2004 Page

17 of 21 1:29PM

10/26/2004 Page 18 of 21 1:29PM

SOUGHOUTH

GMACM - CMS.0039.WA (0001) (Page 18 of 19)

WASHINGTON — Single Family - Famile Mac/Preddle Mac Uniform Instrument From 1001 5 7/2/40207

LOAN NO: 572740207 Witnesses: -Borrower (200S) -Borrower (26at)-Borrower ггасу м Сраріп (zeat) -Borrower (26at)

contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants

.1

INDIVIDUAL ACKNOWLEDGMENT
STATE OF WASHINGTON,
COUNTY of Shager } ss
On this day personally appeared before me
James & Chapin and Stacy W. Chapin
to me known to be the individual(s) described in and who executed the within and foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that signed the same as their free and voluntary act and deed, for the uses and purposes therein mentioned.
GIVEN under my hand and official seal this Q last day of
actober 2004.
La de Goldonia
My Appointment Expires on Notary Public in and for the State of Washington, residing at
8-20-07 Notary Public in and for the State of Washington, residing at
LINDA
COMMISSION CH
ST NOTARY SER
A PUBLIC SOLIC
Ox 8-20.200>
OF MY SHINGTON

LOAN NO: 572740207
WASHINGTON -- Single Family -- Famile Mac/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3048/1/01

GMACM - CMS.0039.WA (0001) (Page 19 of 19)

200410260112 Skagit County Auditor

10/26/2004 Page

Initials:

19 of

21 1:29PM

SCHEDULE 'A'

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

PARCEL "A":

That portion of the Southwest 1/4 of the Southeast 1/4 of Section 16, Township 33 North, Range 4 East, W.M., described as follows:

Beginning at the Southwest corner of said subdivision; thence North along the West line thereof 585 feet; thence West 219 feet, more or less, to the East line of the County Road as it existed on July 23, 1957; thence North 13°25' East along the Easterly line of said road 129.5 feet; thence North 60° East 25 feet; thence South 72°21' East 178.5 feet, more or less, to a point on the West line of said Southwest 1/4 of the Southeast 1/4, which is the true point of beginning; thence Southeasterly to a point which is 50° East of the West line of said Southwest 1/4 of the Southeast 1/4 (measured at right angles) and 120 feet North of the North line of that certain tract being sold on Contract to Edward Johnson, et ux, by instrument dated April 5, 1963, recorded April 5, 1963, under Auditor's File No. 634188; thence South parallel with the West line of the Southwest 1/4 of the Southwest 1/4, 120 feet to said North line of the Johnson Tract; thence West along the North line of the Johnson Tract 50 feet to the West line of the Southwest 1/4 of the Southeast 1/4; thence North along said West line to the true point of beginning;

EXCEPT that portion thereof conveyed to Edward H. Johnson, et ux, by deed recorded as Auditor's File No. 8803010018.

PARCEL "B":

The North 1/2 of the following described portion of the Southeast 1/4 of the Southwest 1/4 of Section 16, Township 33 North, Range 4 East, W.M., described as follows:

Beginning at the Southeast corner of said Southeast 1/4 of the Southwest 1/4; thence North along the quarter section line 465 feet to the true point of beginning; thence North 87°10' West 215 feet, more or less, to the Easterly line of the County Road; thence Northerly along the Easterly line of the County Road 110 feet, more or less, to a point 219 feet West of a point on the said quarter section line which is 585 feet North of the Southeast corner of said Southeast 1/4 of the Southwest 1/4; thence East to said point 585 feet North of the Southeast corner of said Southeast 1/4 of the Southwest 1/4; thence South along said quarter section line 120 feet, more or less, to the true point of beginning.

PARCEL "C":

That portion of the Southeast 1/4 of the Southwest 1/4 of Section 16, Township 33 North, Range 4 East, W.M., described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the East line of said subdivision 585 feet North of the Southeast corner thereof; thence West 219 feet, more or less, to the East line of the present County Road; thence North 13°35' East along the Easterly line as said County

200410260112 Skagit County Auditor

10/26/2004 Page

20 of 21 1:29PM

25 feet; thence South 72°21' East 178.5 feet, more or less, to a point on the East line of said subdivision; thence South along said subdivision line 110 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning.

PARCEL "D":

That portion of the Southwest ¼ of the Southeast ¼ of Section 16, Township 33 North, Range 4 East, W.M., described as follows:

Commencing at the Southwest corner of said subdivision; thence North 1° 06'44" East along the West line of said subdivision for 515.12 feet; thence North 89° 51'26" East for 50.01 feet to the Southeast corner of that tract of land sold to Dick South under Auditor's File No. 678763 and true point of beginning; thence North 1° 06'44" East for 120.00 feet along the East line of said South tract; thence North 52° 21'21" West for 62.23 feet to the West line of said Southwest ¼ of the Southeast ¼ also being the point of beginning of that tract described under Auditor's File No. 678763; thence North 1° 06'44" East along the West line of said subdivision for 51.07 feet to the South line of the Lake Sixteen Road as described under Auditor's File No. 690228; thence South 73° 31'30" East along the South line of said Lake Sixteen Road for 6.73 feet; thence North 87° 01'30" East for 172.24 feet; thence North 62° 25'30" East for 57.14 feet to the West line of that tract of land sold to Edward H. Johnson under Auditor's File No. 756576; thence South 1° 06'44" West along the West line of said Johnson tract for 242.32 feet; thence South 89° 51'26" West along the North line of that tract of land sold to Edward H. Johnson under Auditor's File No. 634185 for 178.47 feet to the point of beginning; EXCEPT that portion thereof conveyed to Edward H. Johnson, et ux, by deed recorded as Auditor's File No. 8803010018.

PARCEL "E":

That portion of the Southeast ¼ of the Southwest ¼ of Section 16, Township 33 North, Range 4 East, W.M., described as follows:

Commencing at the South 1/4 corner of said Section 16; thence West along the South line of said Section 16 for 173.41 feet to the centerline of Hermway Heights Road according to the Plat of Hermway Heights No. 2 as recorded in Volume 9 of Plats, page 63, records of Skagit County, Washington; thence North 15° 23'00" West for 181.50 feet; thence North 8° 15'00" West for 98.30 feet; thence North 0° 04'00" West for 154.00 feet; thence North 4° 21'00" East for 150.00 feet; thence North 13° 35'00" East for 144.84 feet; thence South 76° 25'00" East for 25.00 feet to the Northwest corner of that tract of land described as Parcel 3 under Auditor's File No. 791710 and the true point of beginning of this description; thence North 60° 00'00" East for 25.00 feet along the North line of said tract as described under Auditor's File No. 791710; thence South 72° 21'00" East for 165.35 feet to the East line of the Southwest 1/4 of said Section 16; thence North 1° 06'44" East along said East line of the Southwest ¼ of said Section 16 for 51.07 feet to the South line of the Lake Sixteen Road as described under Auditor's File No. 690228; thence North 73° 31'30" West along the South line of said Lake Sixteen Road for 171.89 feet to the East margin of the Hermway Heights Road; thence South 14° 41'35" West along said East margin of Hermway Heights Road for 22.54 feet; thence South 13° 35'00" West for 46.52 feet to the true point of beginning.

