



200305290164
Skagit County Auditor

5/29/2003 Page 1 of 10 1:34PM

After Recording Return To:
James B. Nutter & Company
4153 Broadway, KCMO 64111

FIRST AMERICAN TITLE CO.

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data] 74009

761310
DEFINITIONS

DEED OF TRUST

00074009

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated **MAY 22, 2003**. together with all Riders to this document.

(B) "Borrower" is **JULIE M. BELDIN A SINGLE WOMAN**
TX# 3758-010-010-0005 PS4330
LTS 7-10 BLK 10 SOUTHERN TO MV

Borrower is the trustor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is **James B. Nutter & Company**. Lender is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Missouri. Lender's address is **4153 Broadway, Kansas City, Missouri 64111**. Lender is the beneficiary under this Security Instrument.

(D) "Trustee" is **FIRST AMERICAN TITLE COMPANY**.

(E) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated **MAY 22, 2003**.

The Note states that Borrower owes Lender **ONE HUNDRED TWENTY EIGHT THOUSAND & 00/100** Dollars (U.S. \$ **128,000.00**) plus interest.

Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than **JUNE 1, 2033**.

(F) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(G) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(H) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

Adjustable Rate Rider Condominium Rider Second Home Rider
 Balloon Rider Planned Unit Development Rider Other(s) [specify] _____
 1-4 Family Rider Biweekly Payment Rider

(I) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

(J) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.

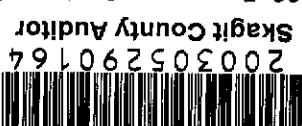
(K) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

(L) "Escrow Items" mean those items that are described in Section 3.

(M) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property, (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property, (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

(N) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(O) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.



200305290164

Skagit County Auditor

Page 2 of 10

J6D1145

WASHINGTON - Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT
Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument
against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security
Instrument prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future
if not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note
so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower.
unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment(s) to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do
as its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such
payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is not obligation to
apply such payments to refuse such payment(s) or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not precluded to
to its rights to refuse such payment(s) or partial payment(s) if the rights hereunder or preclude
payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any payment(s) or partial
Section 15. Lender may return any payment(s) or partial payment(s) if the notice provisions in
such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the location designated in the Note or
Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or
deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.
treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose
subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security instrument be made in one or more of the
Note or this Security instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender as payment under the
in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the
items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security instrument shall be made
prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow
shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any
1. Payment of Principal, Escrow items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower
UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering
real property.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and nonuniform
all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

BORROWER warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against
the right to grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for
Security interest that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has
additions shall also be covered by this Security instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this
easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and
TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all
which currently has the address of 619 WEST HAZEL STREET, MOUNT VERNON
Washington 98273 (Zip Code) ("Property Address");

PURCHASE PRICE OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED PROPERTY.
THE NOTE HEREIN DESCRIBED AND SECURED HEREBY IS GIVEN IN PART PAYMENT OF THE
SUBJECT TO ALL RESTRICTIONS, RESERVATIONS & EASEMENTS NOW OR RECORD, IF ANY.

RECORDS OF SKAGIT COUNTY, WASHINGTON.
LOTS 7, 8, 9, AND 10, BLOCK 10, "PLAT OF THE SOUTHERN ADDITION TO
MOUNT VERNON", AS PER PLAT RECORDED IN VOLUME 2 OF PLATS, PAGE 110,
SKAGIT

Trustee, in trust, with power of sale, the following described property located in the county of
this Security instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower irrevocably grants and conveys to
and modifications of the Note; and (b) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under
This Security instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions
or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security instrument.
(c) "Successor in interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether
mortgage loan" under RESPA.

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY
in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan", even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related
used in this Security instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed
time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As
implimenting regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to
(P) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.), and its

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.





Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien to the satisfaction of Lender; (c) secures from the holder of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (d) gives notice identifying the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

5. **Property Insurance.** Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentence can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remapping or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such charges or (c) fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower. In connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower, Borrower shall bear interest at the rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall be used to hold such insurance coverage so obtained significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained by Lender under this certificate. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage provided by Lender under any particular type of coverage, Lender is under no obligation to purchase any coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense, Lender may obtain insurance in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underrating insurance was required by Lender, may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, shall include a standard mortgage clause and Lender, Lender shall be liable to Lender to restore the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall be liable to Lender's security to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, unless an inspection in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or applicable law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such insurance proceeds, Lender may make payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or applicable law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be liable to Lender for the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be liable to Lender for public adjusters, or be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be liable to Lender for the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this security instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagor and/or as an additional loss payee. All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagor and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagor and renewals of such policies, whether or not the underrating insurance was required by Lender, may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and Lender as an additional loss payee. Lender shall receive all receipts of such insurance proceeds, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and Lender as an additional loss payee. Lender shall receive all receipts of such insurance proceeds, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and Lender as an additional loss payee.

6. **Property Insurance.** Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower. In connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower, Borrower shall bear interest at the rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall be used to hold such insurance coverage so obtained significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained by Lender under this certificate. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage provided by Lender under any particular type of coverage, Lender is under no obligation to purchase any coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense, Lender may obtain insurance in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underrating insurance was required by Lender, may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, shall include a standard mortgage clause and Lender, Lender shall be liable to Lender to restore the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall be liable to Lender's security to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, unless an inspection in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or applicable law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be liable to Lender for the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be liable to Lender for public adjusters, or be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be liable to Lender for the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this security instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

7. **Property Insurance.** Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower. In connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower, Borrower shall bear interest at the rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall be used to hold such insurance coverage so obtained significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained by Lender under this certificate. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage provided by Lender under any particular type of coverage, Lender is under no obligation to purchase any coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense, Lender may obtain insurance in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underrating insurance was required by Lender, may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, shall include a standard mortgage clause and Lender, Lender shall be liable to Lender to restore the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall be liable to Lender's security to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, unless an inspection in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or applicable law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be liable to Lender for the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be liable to Lender for public adjusters, or be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be liable to Lender for the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this security instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

8. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to, (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, (b) appearing in court, and (c) paying reasonable attorneys' fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

10. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer selected by Lender. If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender again becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-

WASHINGTHON - Single Family - Parallel Miles/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT
Page 6 of 10
161439

a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceedings.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due, Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss is less than the sum secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, or less in value than the amount of the sums secured before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Projects shall be applied to the

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security instrument before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security instrument shall be reduced by the total amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multipled by the following fraction: (a) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.
11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has - if any - with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to receive the Mortgage Insurance premium refunds of any amount, and/or to receive a refund of any insurance premium paid by Borrower.

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. It such agreements provide for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses, if such agreements provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further:

Mortgage insurance evaluate their risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance Premiums).

Mortgage Insurance remunerates Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Note.

returnable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or until termination is required by Applicable Law. Noticing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

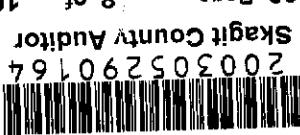
Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lenders address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.



Skagit County Auditor
200305290164

Page 8 of 10

WASHINGTON - Single Family - Female/Male/Female Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT
Cleanups" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental
Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental
radioactive materials; (d) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where
pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, toxic
substances following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic
substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and
21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those
opportunity to take corrective actions of this Section 20.

acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and
acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of
that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of
action, if Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken,
afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective
such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and
by reason of, this Security instrument or that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed
Security instrument or that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this
individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this
Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an
Notee or purchaser of the Note(s) and are not assumed by the Notee purchaser unless otherwise provided by
loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a
thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage
information RESPA requires in connection with a transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and
address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other
Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and
be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the
servicing obligations under the Note, this Security instrument, and Applicable Law. There also may affect
Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security instrument and performs other mortgage loan
to Borrower. A sale might result in a change known as the "Loan Servicer"), that collects
the Note (together with this Security instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice
20. Sale of Note; Change of Servicer; Notice of Revocation. The Note or a partial interest in
However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred.
Instrumentality or entity or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security
provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency,
(a) cash, (b) money order, (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check,
such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender:
secured by this Security instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Borrower pay
in the Property and rights under this Security instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums
Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest
incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security
but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees
covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security instrument, including,
Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other
conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security
of Borrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enjoining this Security instrument. Those
in this Security instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination
prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of this Security instrument discontinued at any time
Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security instrument discontinued at any time
Security instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this
15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security instrument. If Borrower fails to
provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section
If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall
Applicable Law.

Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by
written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security
is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred (or if Borrower
If all or any part of the Property or any interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower
purchaser.

If escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a
to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract
"Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited
18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18,
Instrument.

17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security
include the plural and vice versa, and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation
corresponding neuter words of the feminine gender, (b) words in the singular shall mean and include
As used in this Security instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include
to take any action.

Law and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge; (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

22. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property at public auction at a date not less than 120 days in the future. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration, the right to bring a court action to assert the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale, and any other matters required to be included in the notice by Applicable Law. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and/or any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

If Lender invokes the power of sale, Lender shall give written notice to Trustee of the occurrence of an event of default and of Lender's election to cause the Property to be sold. Trustee and Lender shall take such action regarding notice of sale and shall give such notices to Borrower and to other persons as Applicable Law may require. After the time required by Applicable Law and after publication of the notice of sale, Trustee, without demand on Borrower, shall sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale in one or more parcels and in any order Trustee determines. Trustee may postpone sale of the Property for a period or periods permitted by Applicable Law by public announcement at the time and place fixed in the notice of sale. Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee shall deliver to the purchaser Trustee's deed conveying the Property without any covenant or warranty, expressed or implied. The recitals in the Trustee's deed shall be prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements made therein. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale in the following order: (a) to all expenses of the sale, including, but not limited to, reasonable Trustee's and attorneys' fees; (b) to all sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it or to the clerk of the superior court of the county in which the sale took place.

23. Reconveyance. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall request Trustee to reconvey the Property and shall surrender this Security Instrument and all notes evidencing debt secured by this Security Instrument to Trustee. Trustee shall reconvey the Property without warranty to the person or persons legally entitled to it. Such person or persons shall pay any recordation costs and the Trustee's fee for preparing the reconveyance.

24. Substitute Trustee. In accordance with Applicable Law, Lender may from time to time appoint a successor trustee to any Trustee appointed hereunder who has ceased to act. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor trustee shall succeed to all the title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herein and by Applicable Law.

25. Use of Property. The Property is not used principally for agricultural purposes.

26. Attorneys' Fees. Lender shall be entitled to recover its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in any action or proceeding to construe or enforce any term of this Security Instrument. The term "attorneys' fees," whenever used in this Security Instrument, shall include without limitation attorneys' fees incurred by Lender in any bankruptcy proceeding or on appeal.

ORAL AGREEMENTS OR ORAL COMMITMENTS TO LOAN MONEY, EXTEND CREDIT, OR TO FORBEAR FROM ENFORCING REPAYMENT OF A DEBT ARE NOT ENFORCEABLE UNDER WASHINGTON LAW.



16D1467
WASHINGTON - Single Family - Female/Male/Female Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT
Page 10 of 10
5/29/2003 Page 10 of 10 1:34PM
Skagit County Auditor
200305290154

Jeanne K. Thomas
Mortary Public in and for the State of Washington, residing
My Appointment Expires on: *7-23-2006*
00/00/0000
NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF WASHINGTON
Appointment Expires July 23, 2006
JOANNE K. THOMAS
OFFICIAL SEAL

Jeanne K. Thomas
MAY, 2003.
22nd day of
GIVEN under my hand and official seal this
and acknowledged that SHE signed the same as HER free and voluntary act
to me known to be the individual(s) described in and who executed the within and foregoing instrument,
and deed, for the uses and purposes therein mentioned.

JULIE M. BEILDIN A SINGLE WOMAN
On this day personally appeared before me MAY 22, 2003

County of Skagit
STATE OF WASHINGTON

[Space Below This Line for Acknowledgment]

- Borrower
(Seal)

- Borrower
(Seal)

- Borrower
(Seal)

JULIE M. BEILDIN
- Borrower
(Seal)

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in
this Security instrument and in any rider(s) executed by Borrower and recorded with it.
Witnesses: